



The Cold War



Superpowers

Superpowers





The State of Israel

Holocaust



- 6 million Jews killed
- Zionism
 - Jewish homeland
 - Argentina?
 - Palestine?

Kibbutz in Palestine



- Jewish immigration
- State of Israel, 1948
- Millions of Palestinians displaced
- Ongoing conflicts...
 - Israelis vs. Palestinians
 - Israel vs. Arab neighbors



Cold War Alliances

- Israel & U.S.
- Arab states & U.S.S.R.





The Iron Curtain in Europe

Allied Powers

U.S.S.R.
(Soviet
Union)



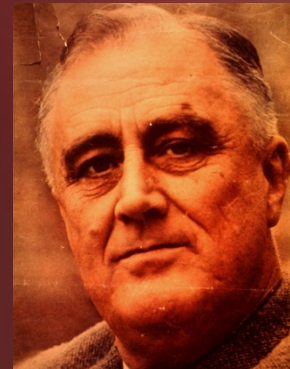
Josef Stalin

United
Kingdom



Winston
Churchill

United
States



Franklin D.
Roosevelt

Allied Advance

The Allies overrun the Reich

April 12, 1945

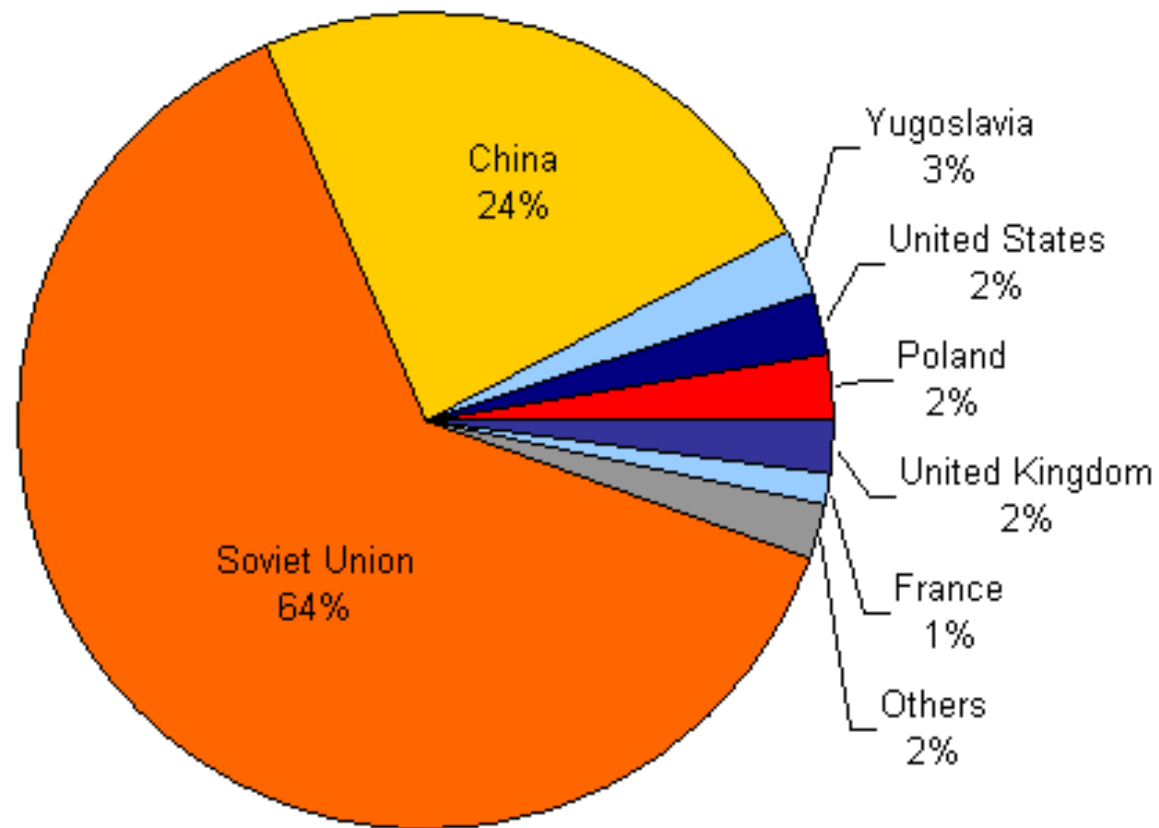


Soviet Contribution to the War



Soviet Contribution to the War

World War II Military Deaths (Allies)



The Big Three: Conferences

- United Nations, but...
- ...Increasing Tension
 - Self-determination (esp. Poland)
 - Division of Germany
 - German reparations
 - War against Japan
 - Communist vs. capitalist economic systems



United Nations



U.N. Security Council

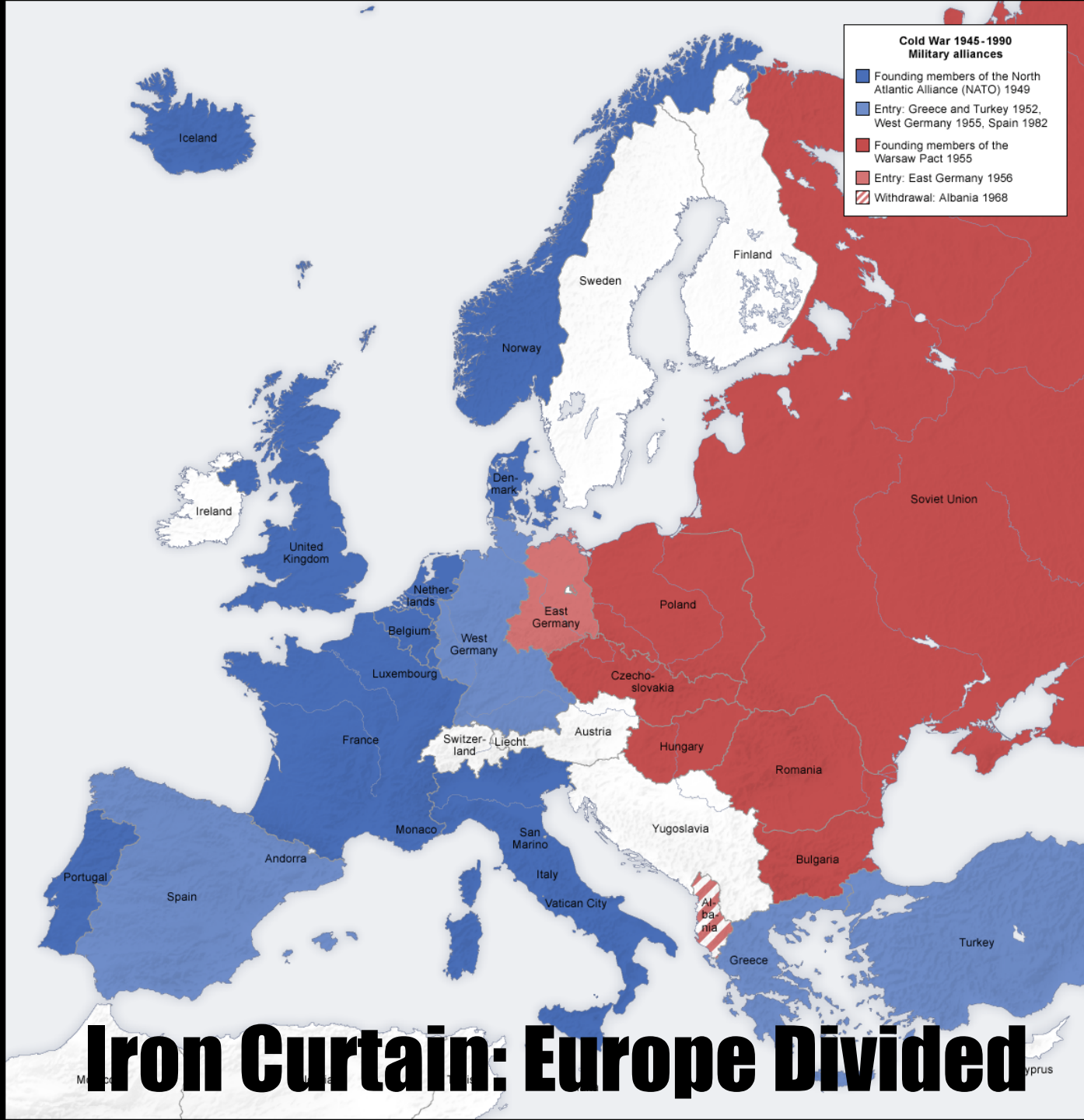
- Permanent members
 - US
 - UK
 - Soviet Union/Russia
 - France
 - China
- All have veto power
 - US/USSR blocked each other's actions during Cold War



Winston Churchill

“From Stettin in the Baltic to Trieste in the Adriatic an ‘iron curtain’ has descended across the Continent.”





Iron Curtain: Europe Divided

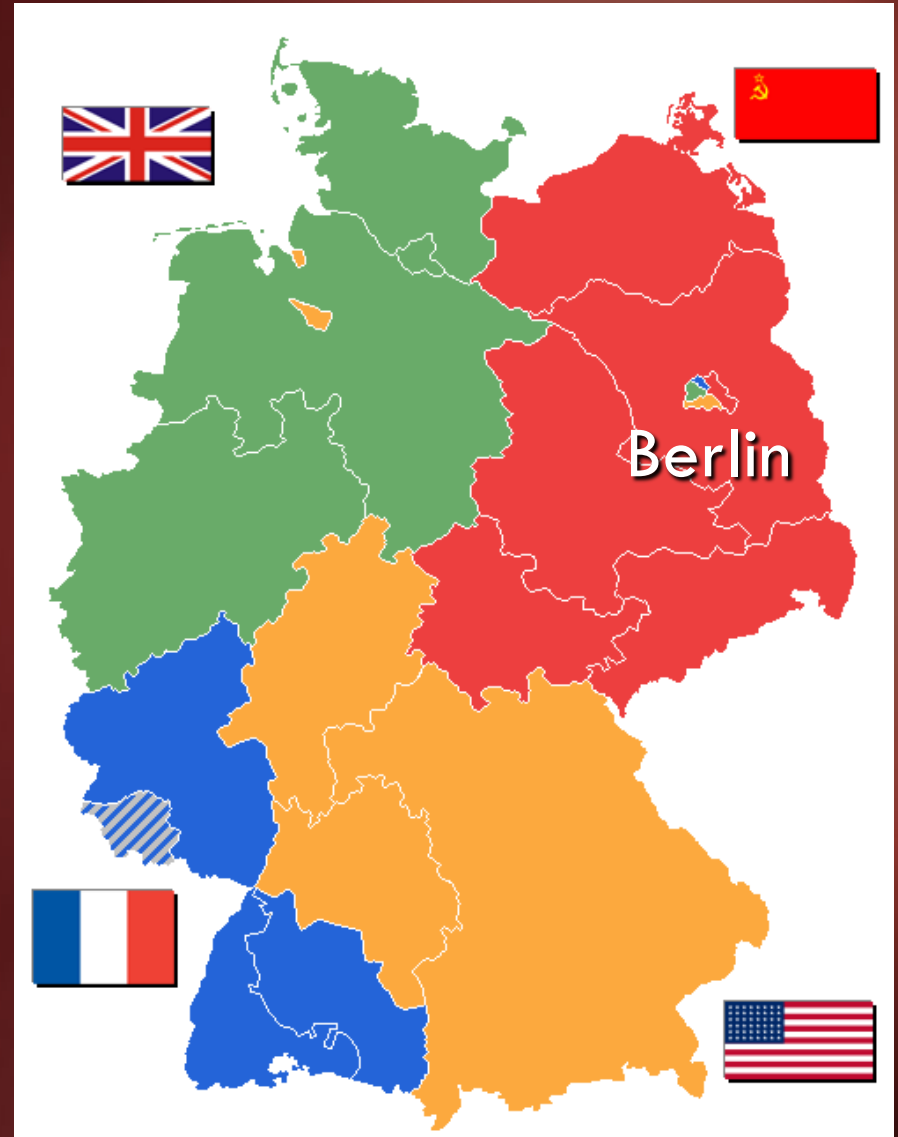




Germany' s Fate

Division of Germany

- East Germany & East Berlin
 - U.S.S.R
- West Germany & West Berlin
 - U.K.
 - France
 - U.S.



Berlin Blockade & Airlift, 1948-1949



- Soviets block roads to West Berlin
- U.S. planes delivered aid
- Stopped spread of communism

Berlin Wall

- Soviets begin building wall in 1961
- Best-known symbol of the Cold War



Berlin Wall

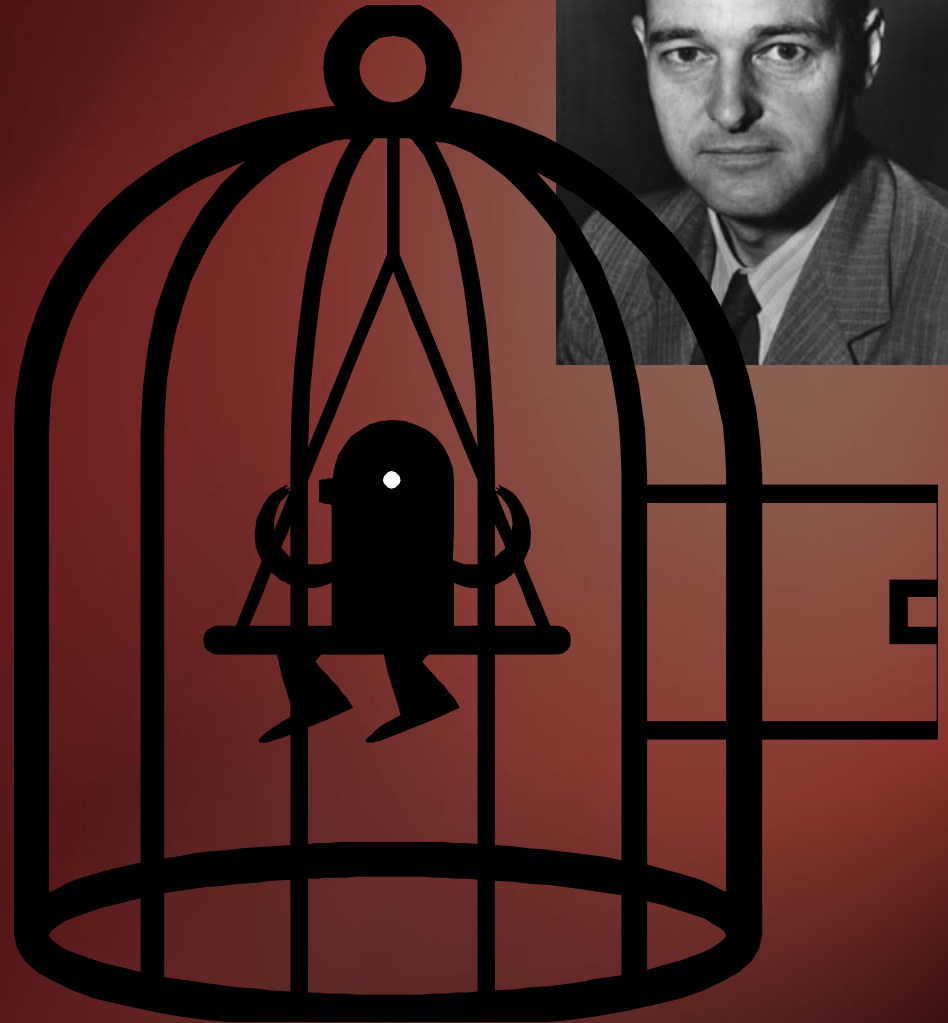




Establishing U.S. Cold War Policy

Containment

- George F. Kennan, presidential advisor
- Containment Policy
 - U.S. cannot bring rapid defeat of Soviets
 - U.S. should stop further spread of communism
 - Foundation for all Cold War foreign policy

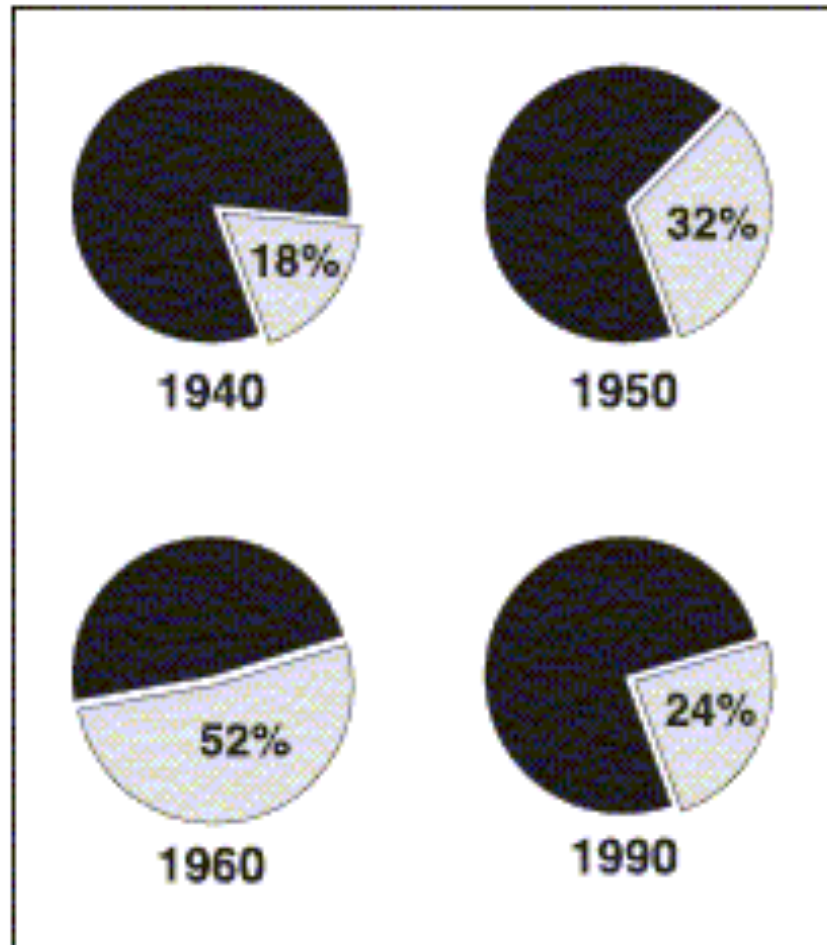


- National Security Council Report #68 (NSC 68)
- Containment through military superiority
- Would require military spending greater than 20% GDP



United States Budget, 1940–1990

Percentage Spent on Defense



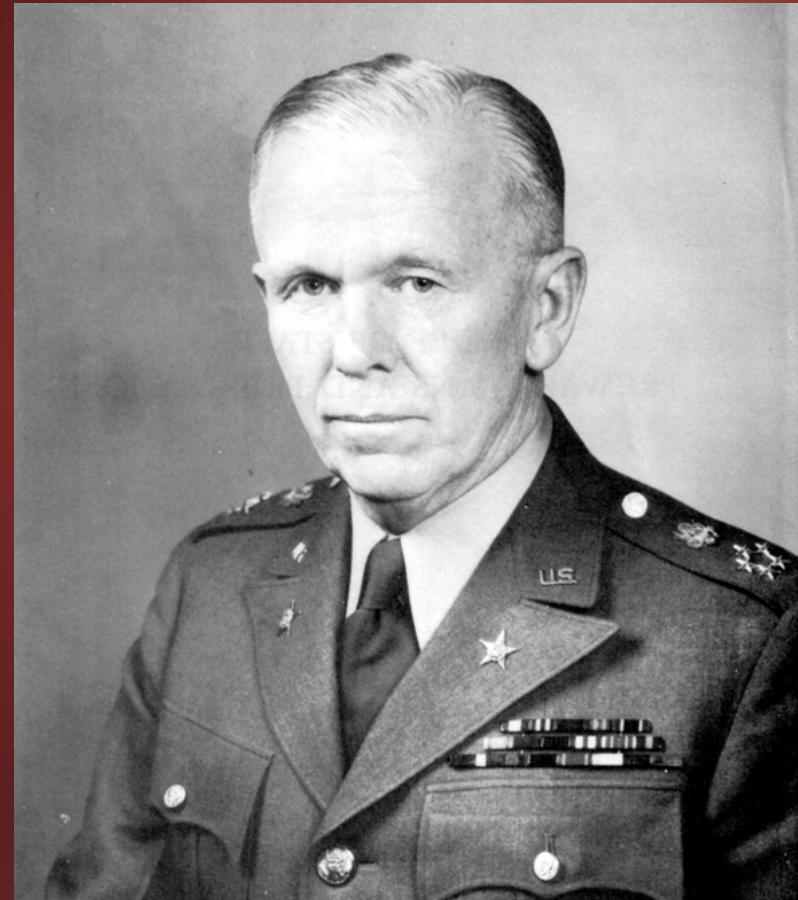
Source: *Historical Tables*, Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 1997 (adapted)

Truman Doctrine, 1947

- U.S. aid to countries which resist Soviet influence
 - Greece
 - Turkey
- Containment

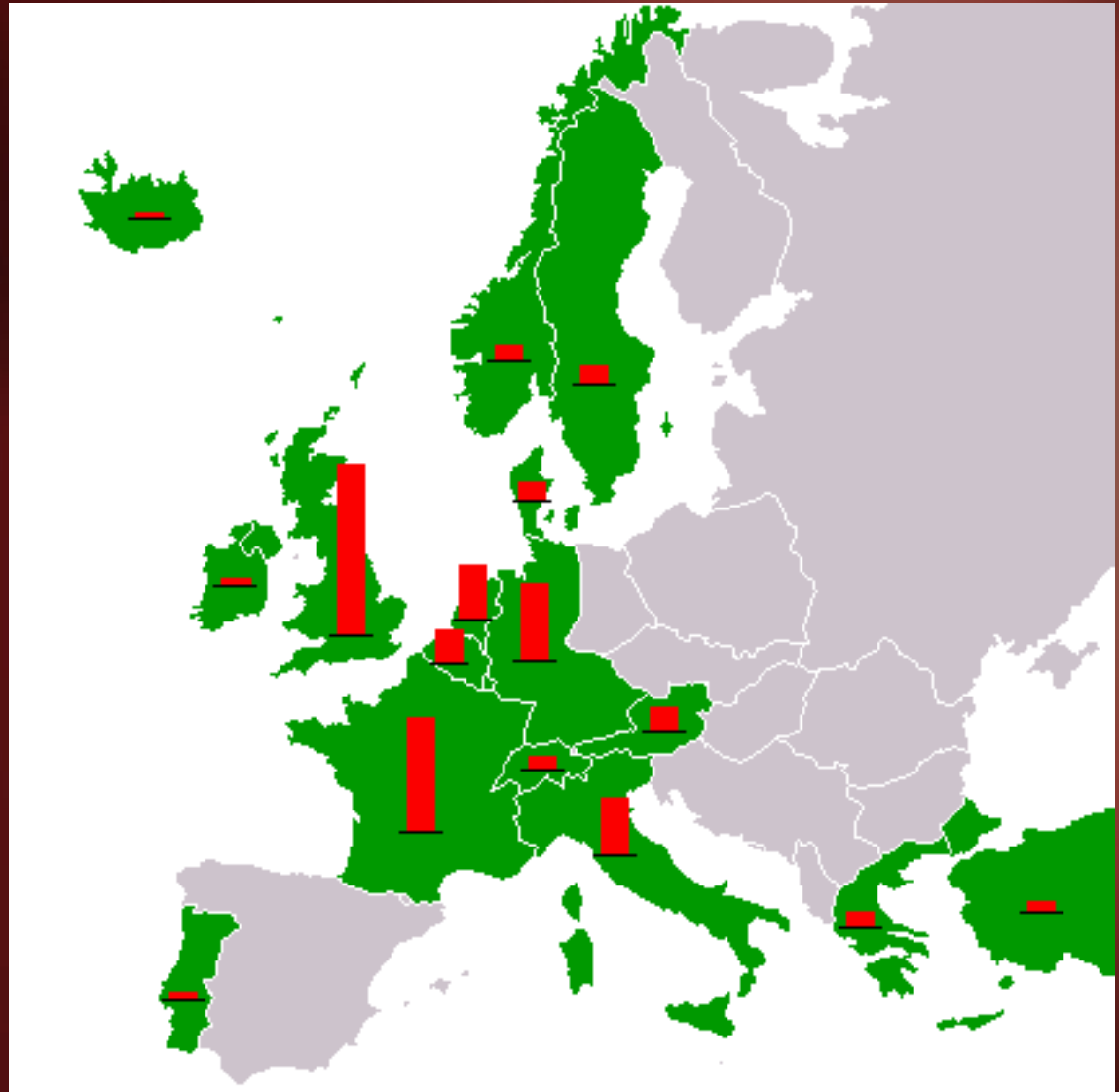


Marshall Plan



Marshall Plan

- \$13 billion in loans to rebuild western Europe



"IT'S THE SAME THING WITHOUT MECHANICAL PROBLEMS"

Marshall Plan



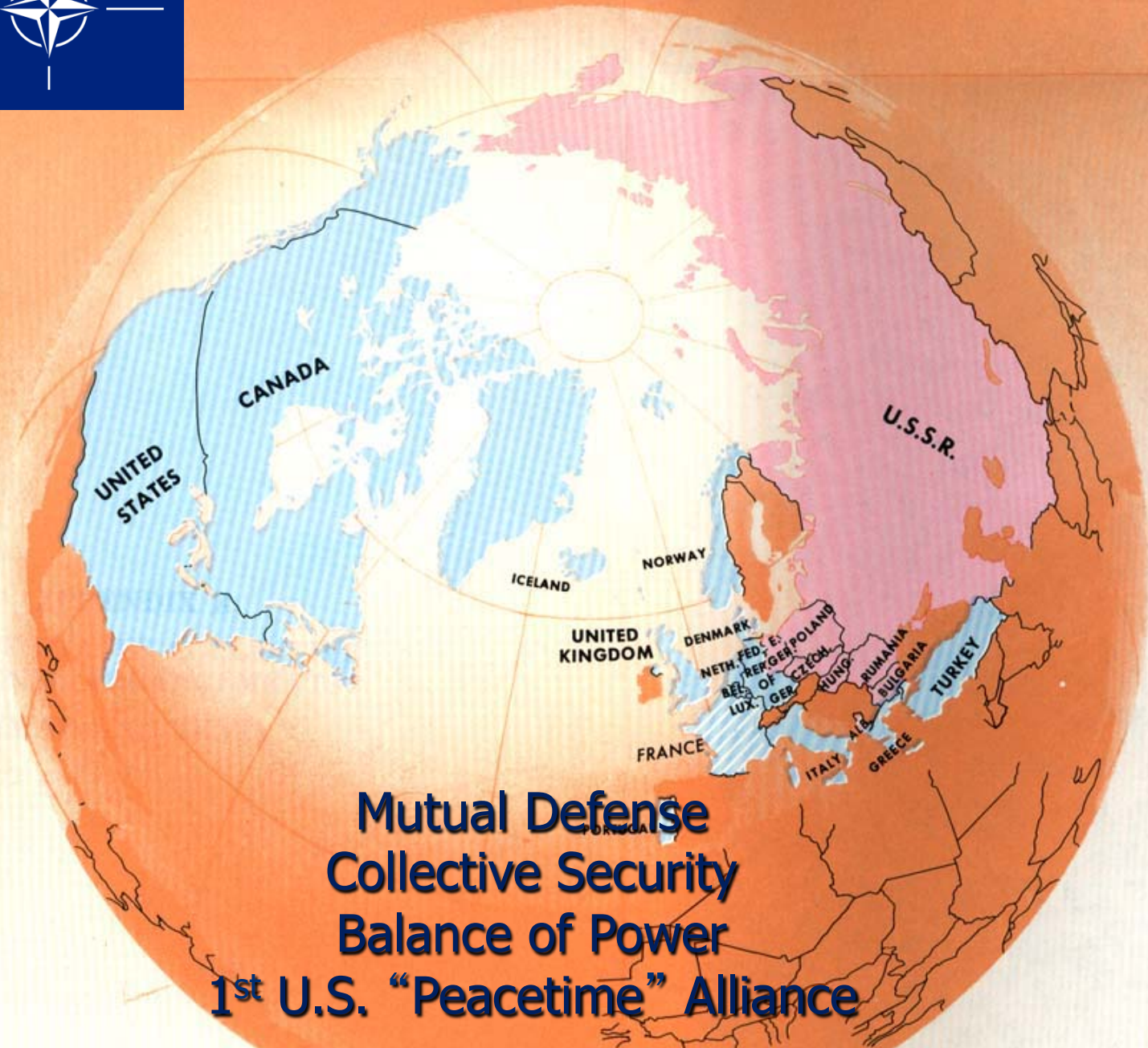
1947 National Security Act

- New “Department of Defense”
- Creation of C.I.A. from O.S.S.





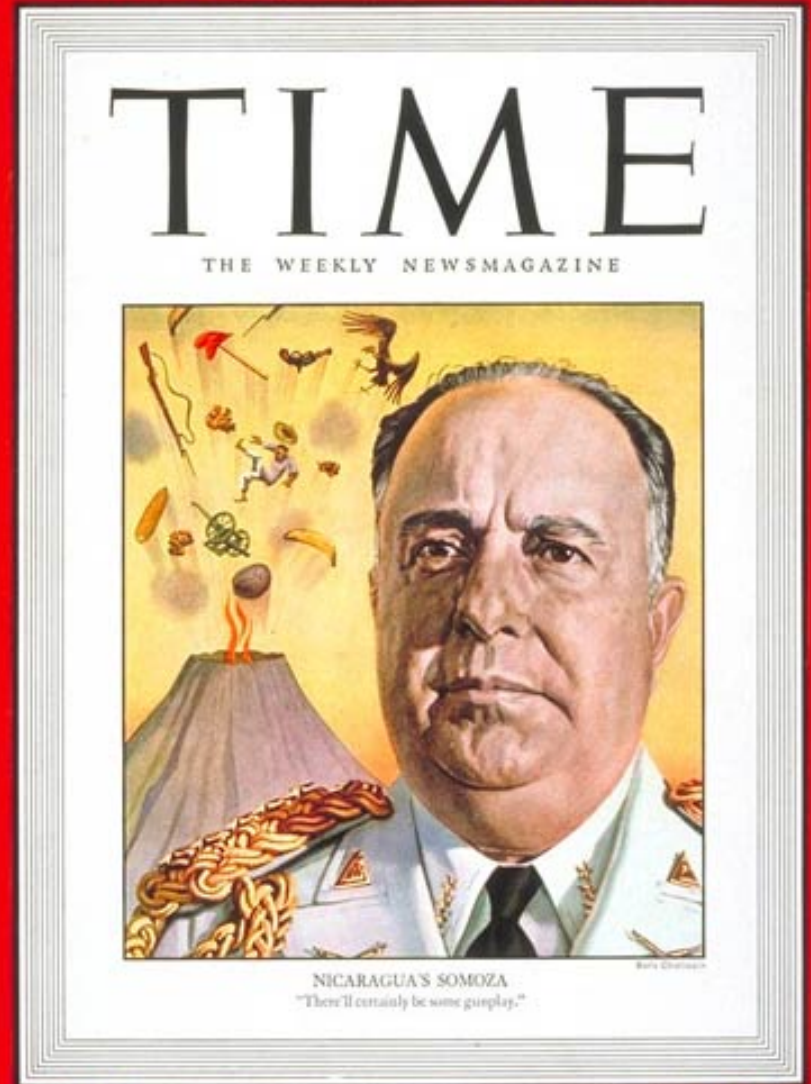
NATO & Warsaw Pact

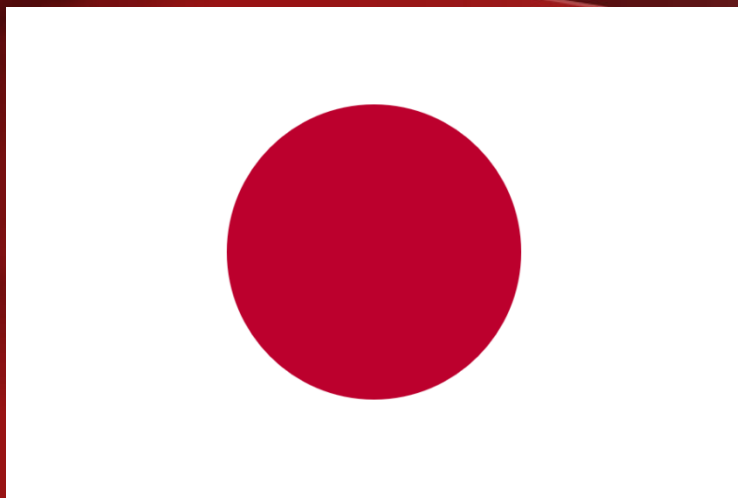


**Mutual Defense
Collective Security
Balance of Power
1st U.S. "Peacetime" Alliance**

“Tin Pot Dictators”

- Anti-Communist, pro-U.S. rulers
- Kept in power with U.S. military aid
- FDR on Somoza
 - “He may be a son of a bitch, but he’s our son of a bitch!”





Post-WWII Japan

Tokyo War Crimes Tribunals



MacArthur & Hirohito

- New Japanese “Peace Constitution”
 - Democratization
 - Demilitarization
- U.S. military bases for defense
 - China
 - North Korea



Japanese Economic Miracle



Japanese Economic Miracle



SONY



The Chinese Civil War

Communists vs. Nationalists



Mao Zedong

CCP



Chiang Kai-Shek

KMT



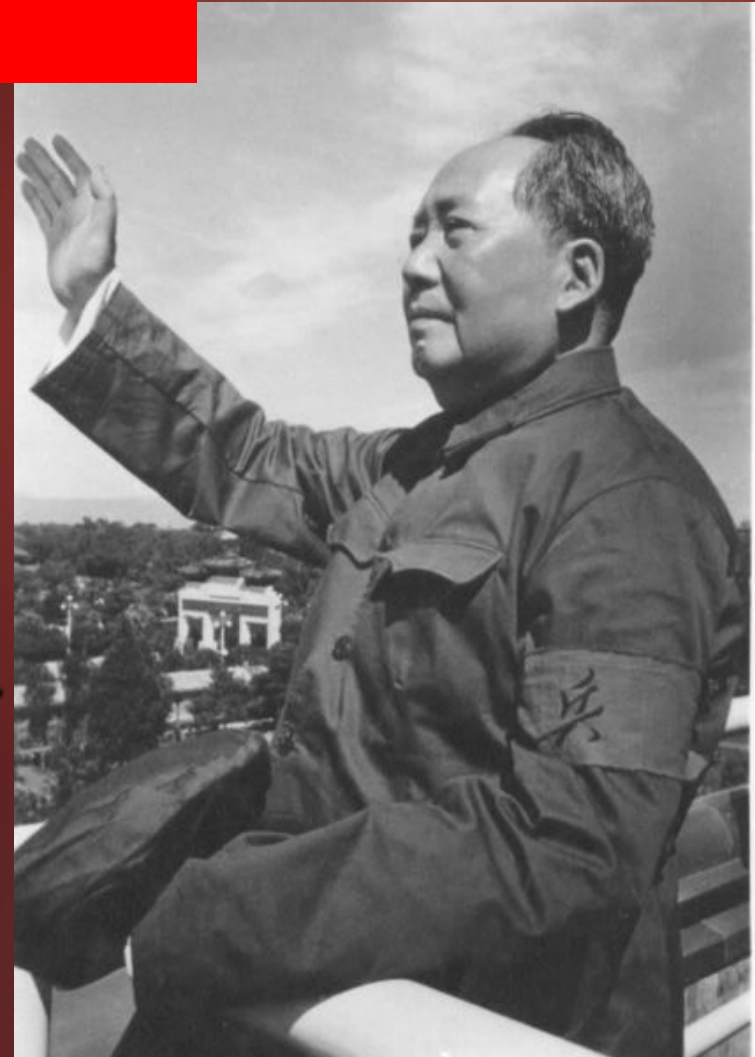
War Against Japan



Cooperation
between KMT &
CCP against a
common enemy



Chinese Civil War



- 1945 – WWII ends, civil war resumes
- 1949 – Communists prevail, control mainland China

SOUTHEAST ASIA



Taiwan



Maoist China





The Korean War

“The Forgotten War”



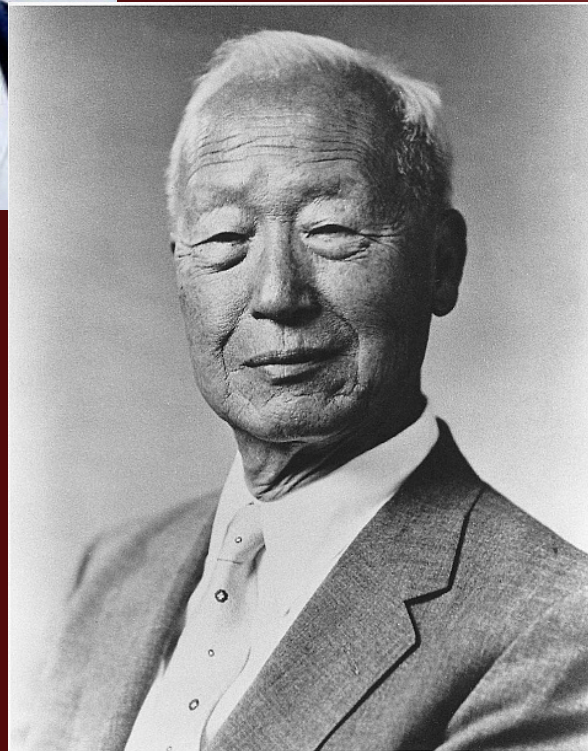
38th Parallel



Korea Divided



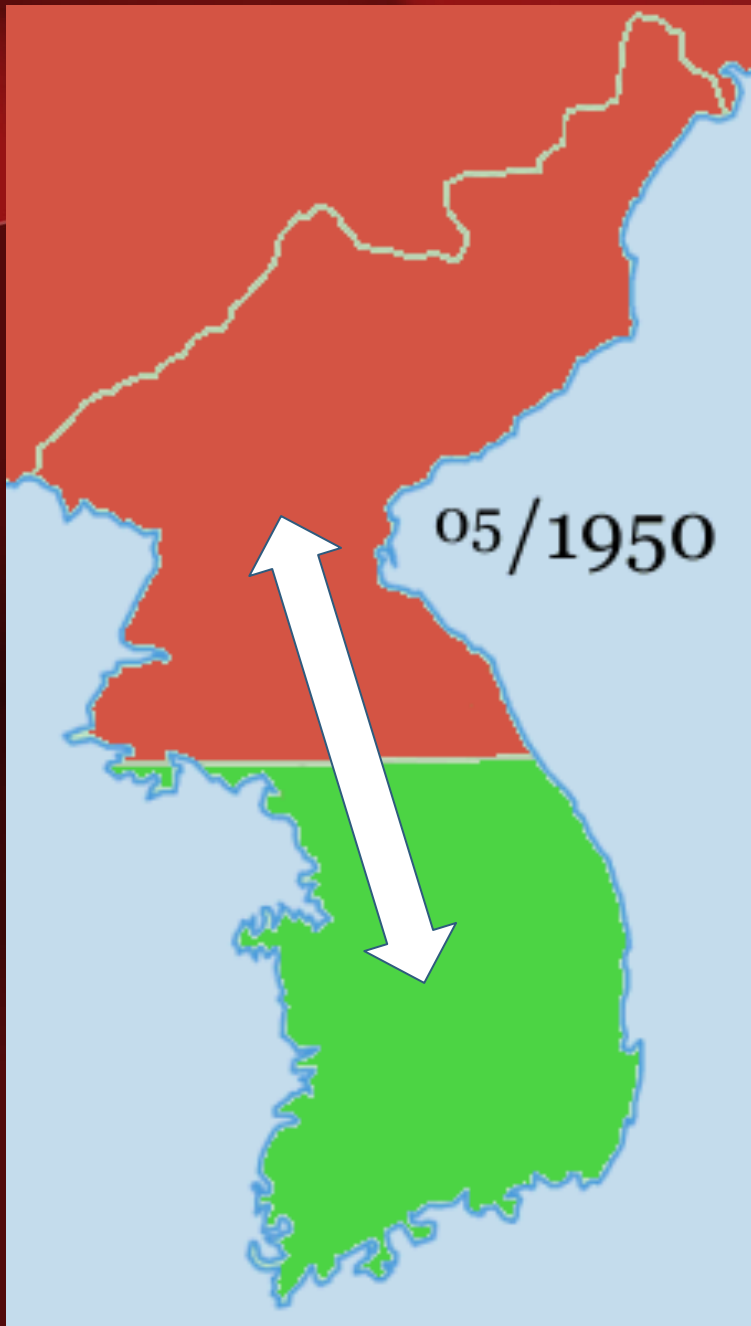
Kim
Il-Sung



Syngman
Rhee

- Independence, elections & reunification planned for 1950
- North Korea
 - USSR/China
 - Communist dictator
- South Korea
 - US
 - capitalistic strongman

Korean War



- 1950-53
- Three phases
 - North Korean aggression
 - U.N. troops
 - Chinese offensive



UN Troops at Inchon



MacArthur at Inchon



Integration of Armed Forces



Douglas MacArthur



- U.S. commander in Korea
- Fired for insubordination
 - Urged nationalist Taiwan to attack communist China
 - Threatened to violate civilian control of the military

The War Ends



- Armistice & DMZ at 38th parallel
- Success or stalemate?
 - Limited war
 - Containment



Kim Jong Il and Kim Jong Un



Kim Jong Un

**NORTH KOREA'S
HEIR:**



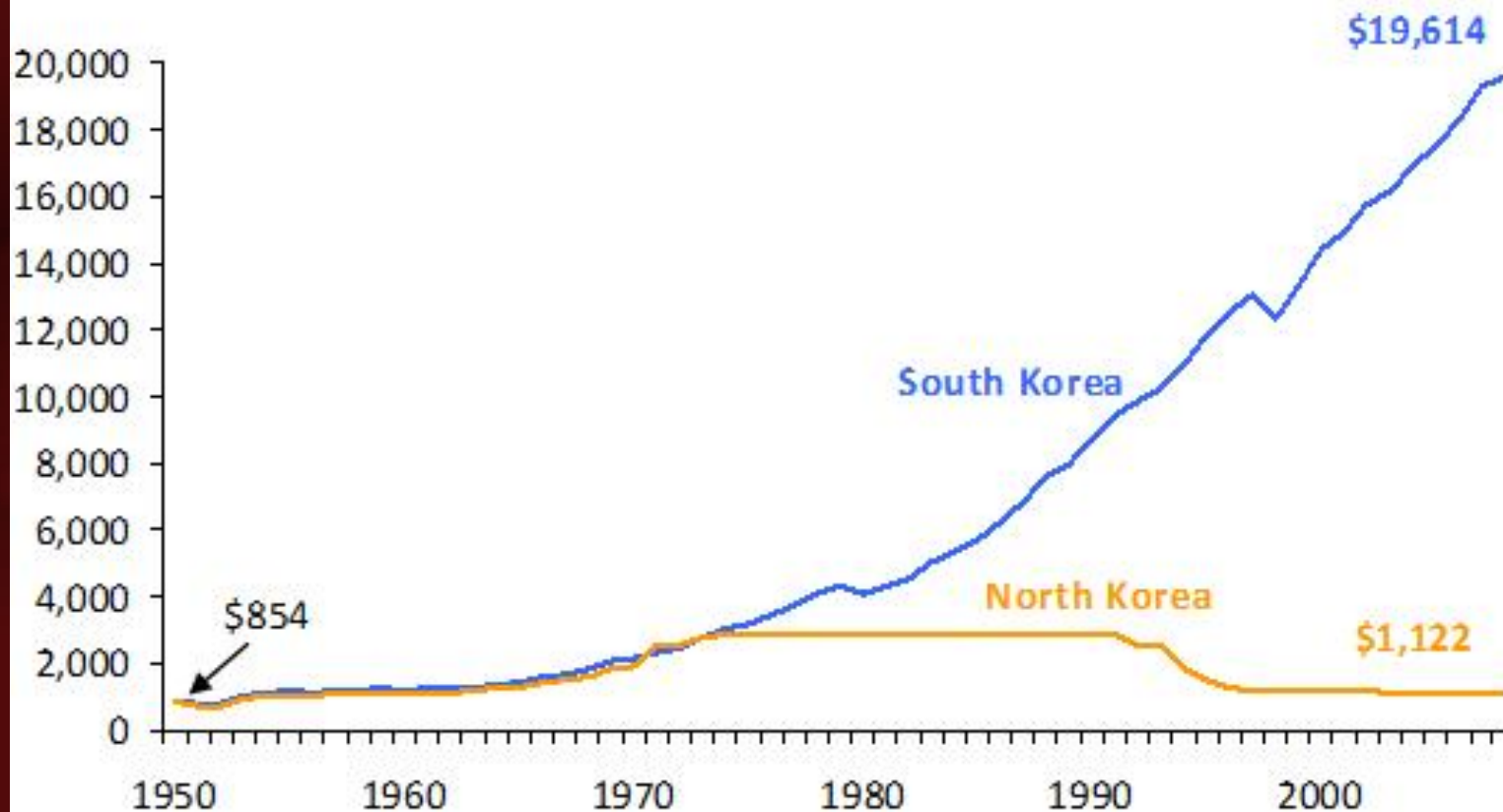
**KIM JONG IL'S
YOUNGEST SON**



DAVE GRANLUND © www.davegranlund.com

North & South Korea Today

**Institutions Matter:
Real Per Capita GDP in North and South Korea**
(1990 International Dollars)



North & South Korea Today



“Gangnam Style”



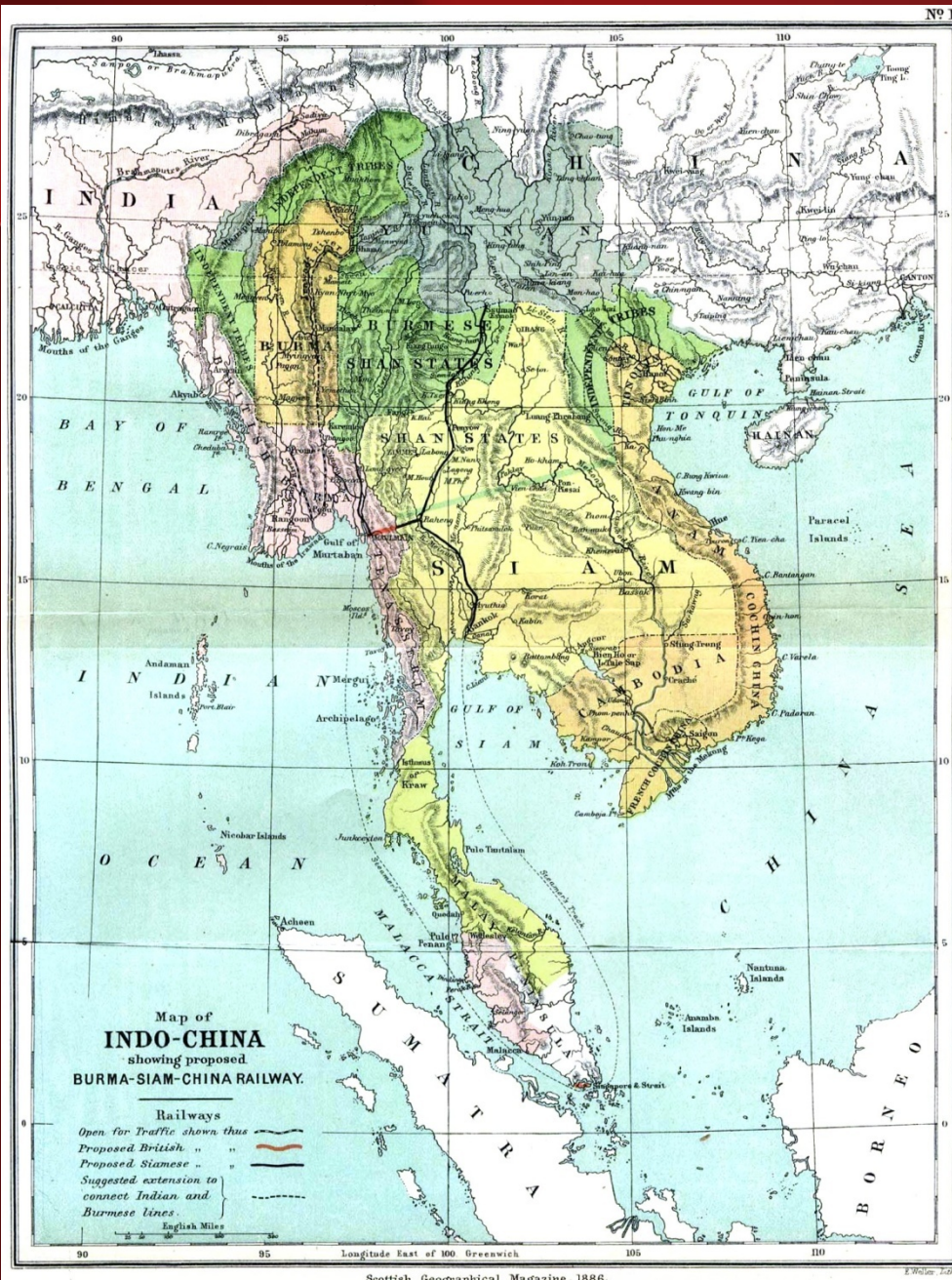


Vietnam War, Part I

French Indochina

Southeast Asian Control

- 1800s – Chinese
- 1900s – French
- 1930s – Japanese
- 1940s – French
- 1950s-1970s – U.S.



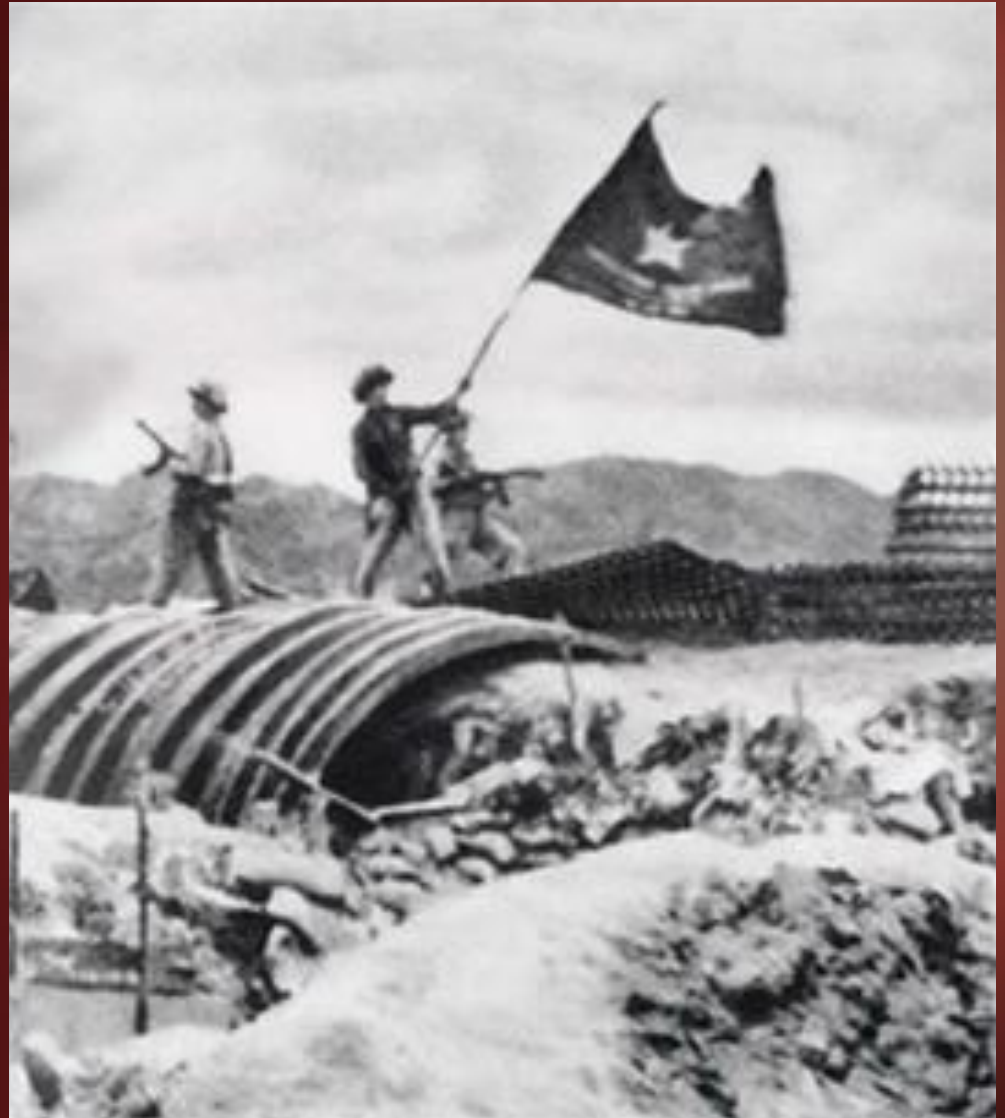
First Indochina War



- 1945-1954
- French vs. Viet Minh
 - U.S. provided 80% funding of French war effort

Battle of Dien Bien Phu

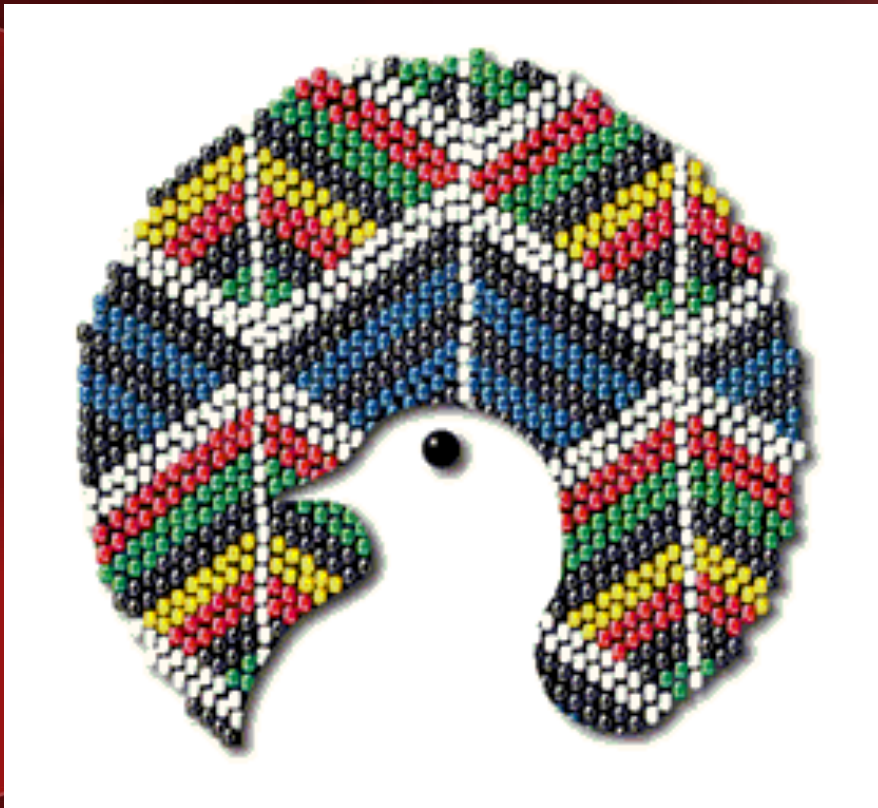
- 1954
- French surrender,
Vietnam wins
independence



Vietnam Divided

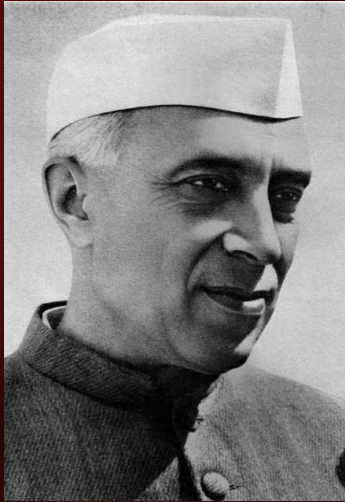
- 17th Parallel
 - North – Communist Ho Chi Minh
 - South – pro-U.S. puppet governments





Non-Aligned Movement

Nonaligned Movement



Jawaharlal
Nehru
(India)



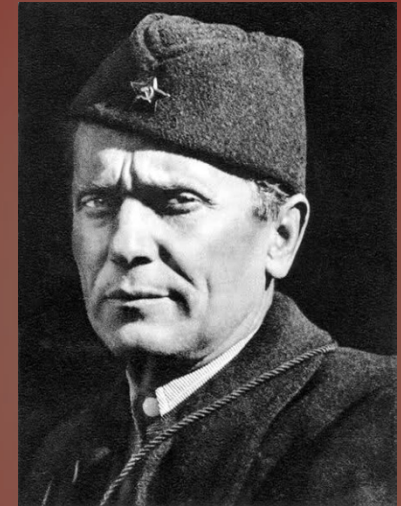
Sukarno
(Indonesia)



Gamel Abdel
Nasser
(Egypt)

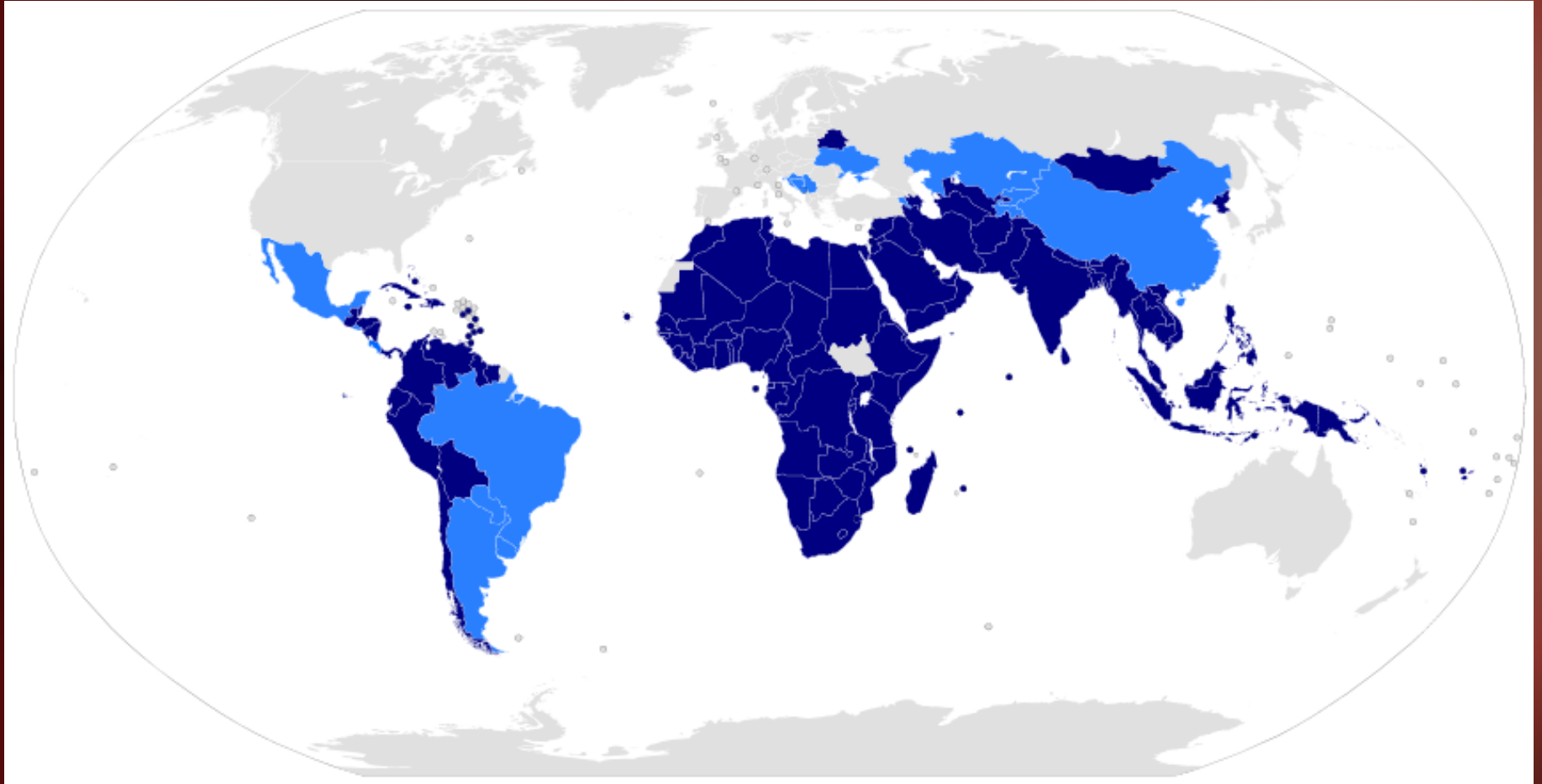


Kwame Nkrumah
(Ghana)



Josip Broz
"Tito"
(Yugoslavia)

Nonaligned Movement

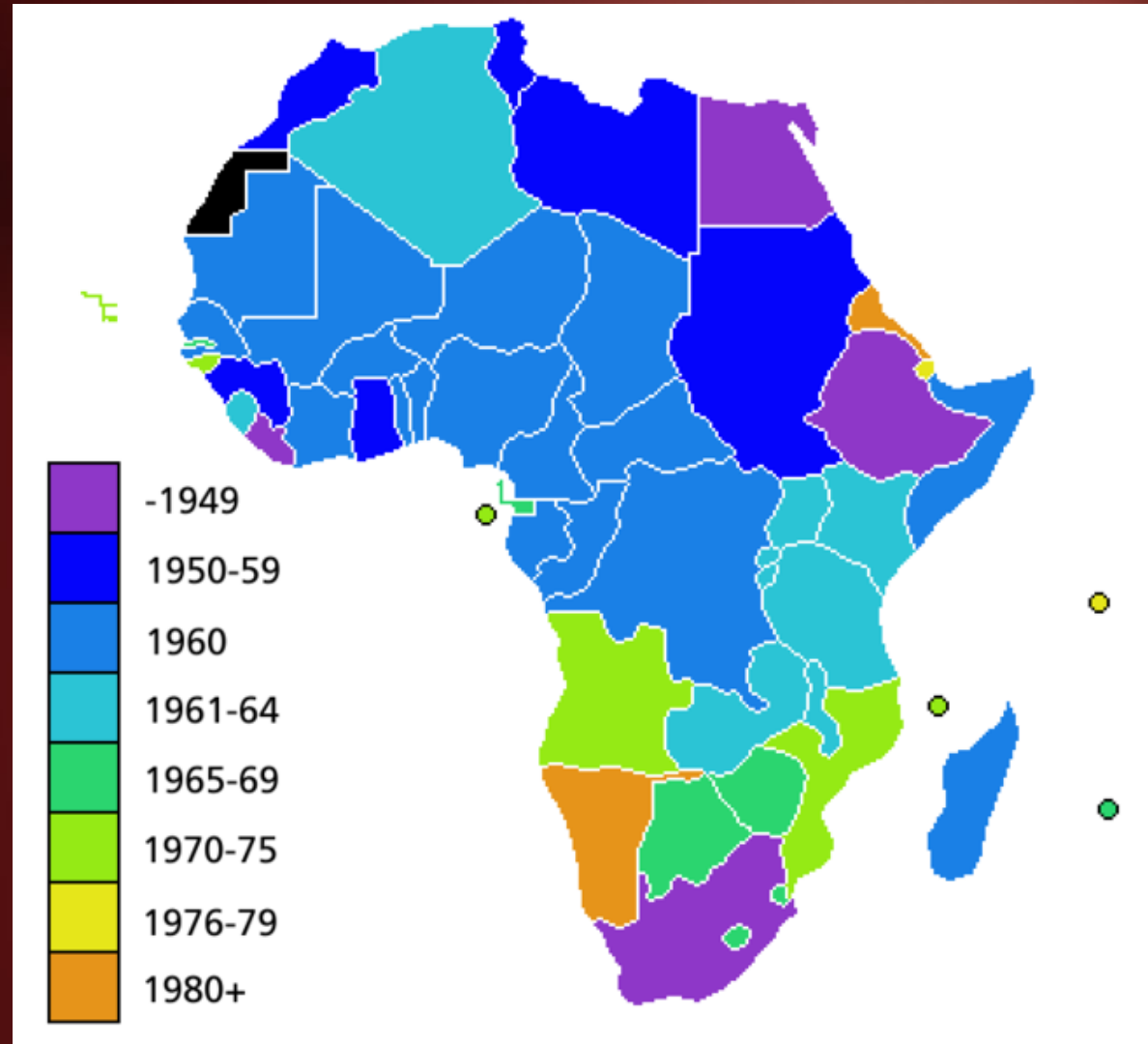


Nonaligned Movement

- Africa, Asia, Latin America & Middle East
- Countries sought to avoid the Cold War's bi-polar system of “blocs”
 - Anticolonialism
 - Economic development
 - Peace



Anticolonialism





The Middle East

US & Israel



Iran, 1953

- Iran's president Mossadeqh nationalized oil production
- US/British backed coup in 1953
- Shah regained control



Iranian Revolution, 1979



Eisenhower Doctrine

- “Police Action”
- U.S. will use military force to resist communist aggression
- Middle East oil



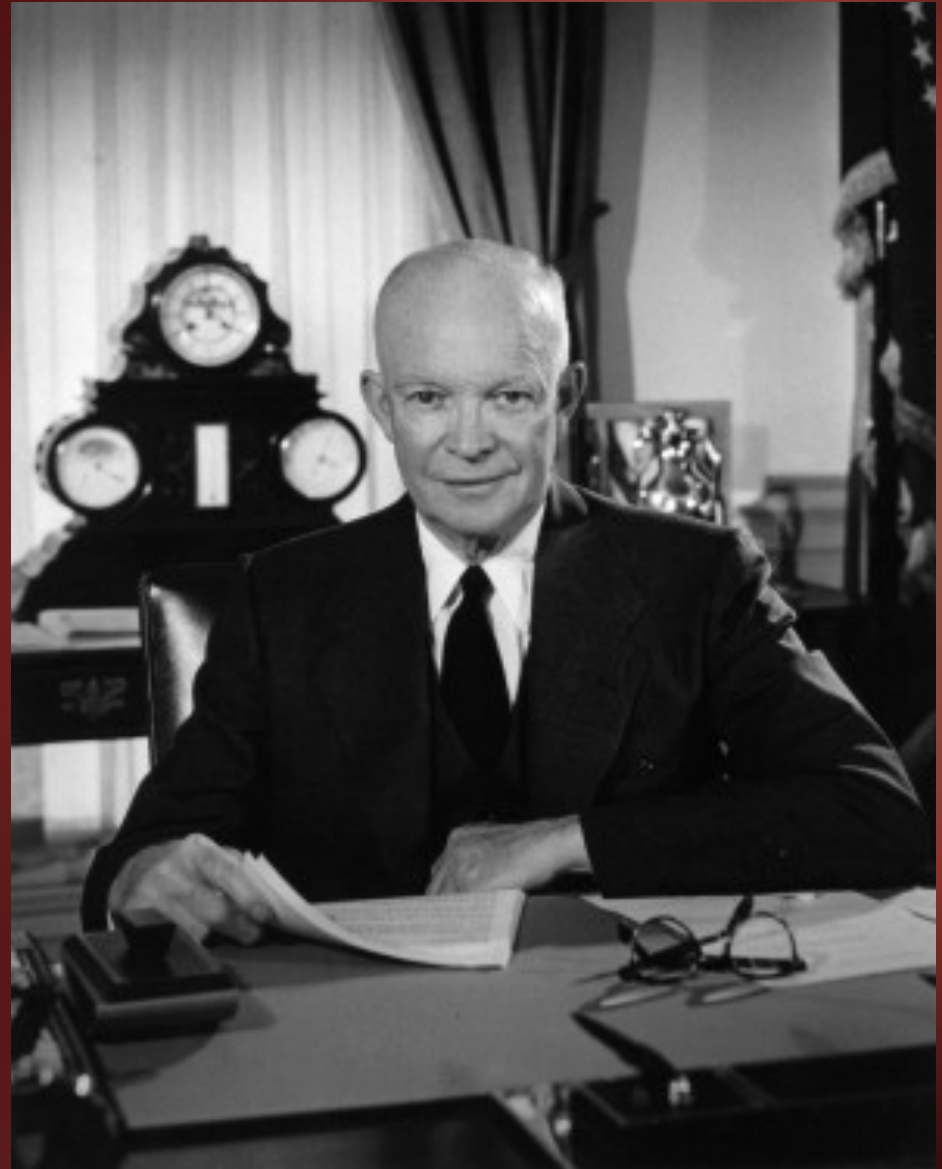
Suez Crisis

- 1956
- Egypt nationalized Suez Canal
- Britain, France and Israel threaten to use force
- Soviets threatened to respond in defense of Egypt
- Arab oil embargo on Britain, France and Israel; US refused to supply additional oil



Eisenhower's Farewell Address

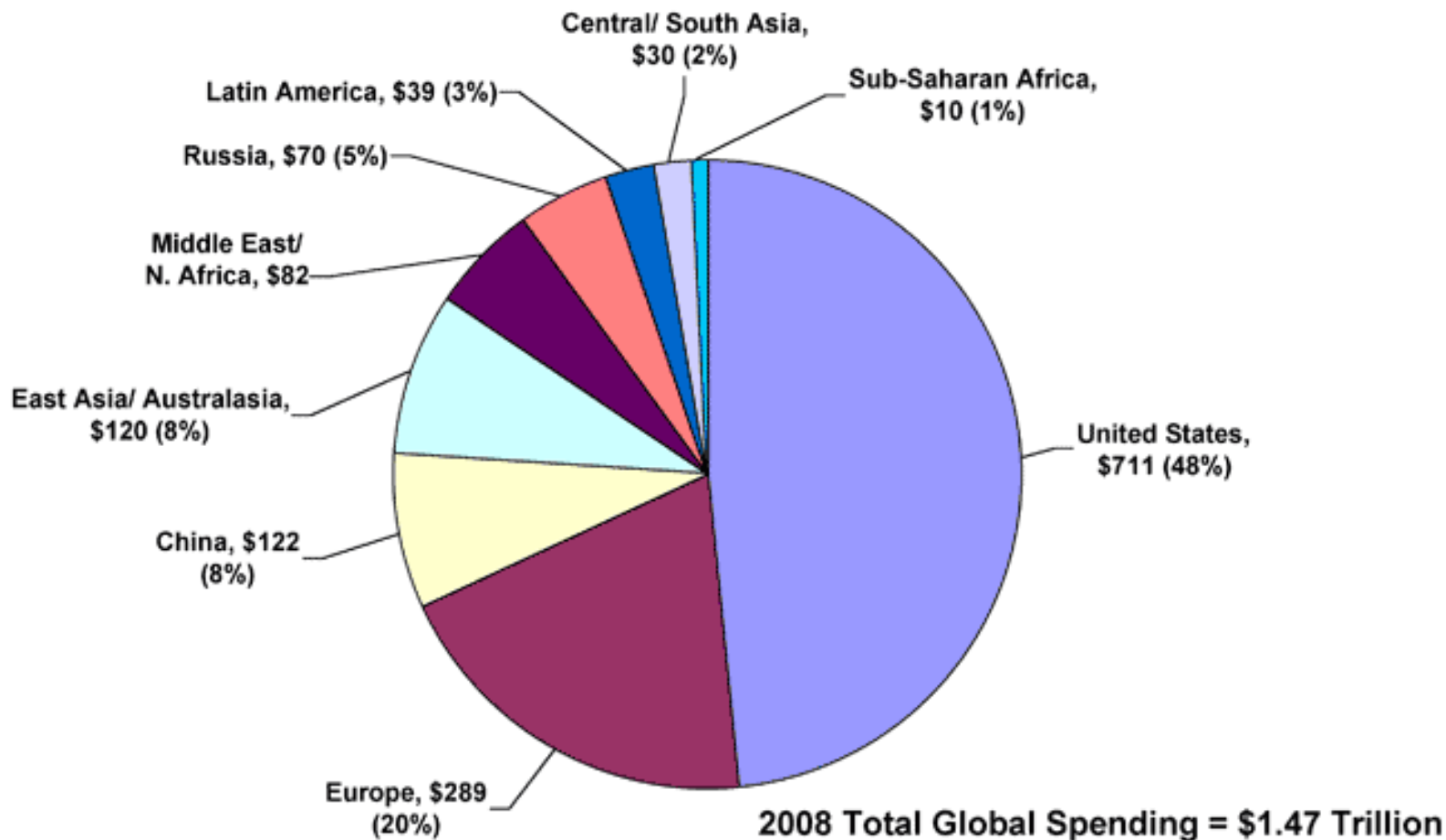
- Dangers of the “Military-industrial complex”



US Military Spending Today

U.S. Military Spending vs. The World in 2008

(in billions of U.S. dollars, with % of total global)



NOTES: Data from International Institute for Strategic Studies, *The Military Balance 2008*, and DOD. The total for the United States is the FY 2009 request and includes \$170 billion for military operations in Iraq and Afghanistan, as well as funding for DOE nuclear weapons activities. All other figures are projections based on 2006, the last year for which accurate data is available.



Guatemala: An Untold Story

Guatemala

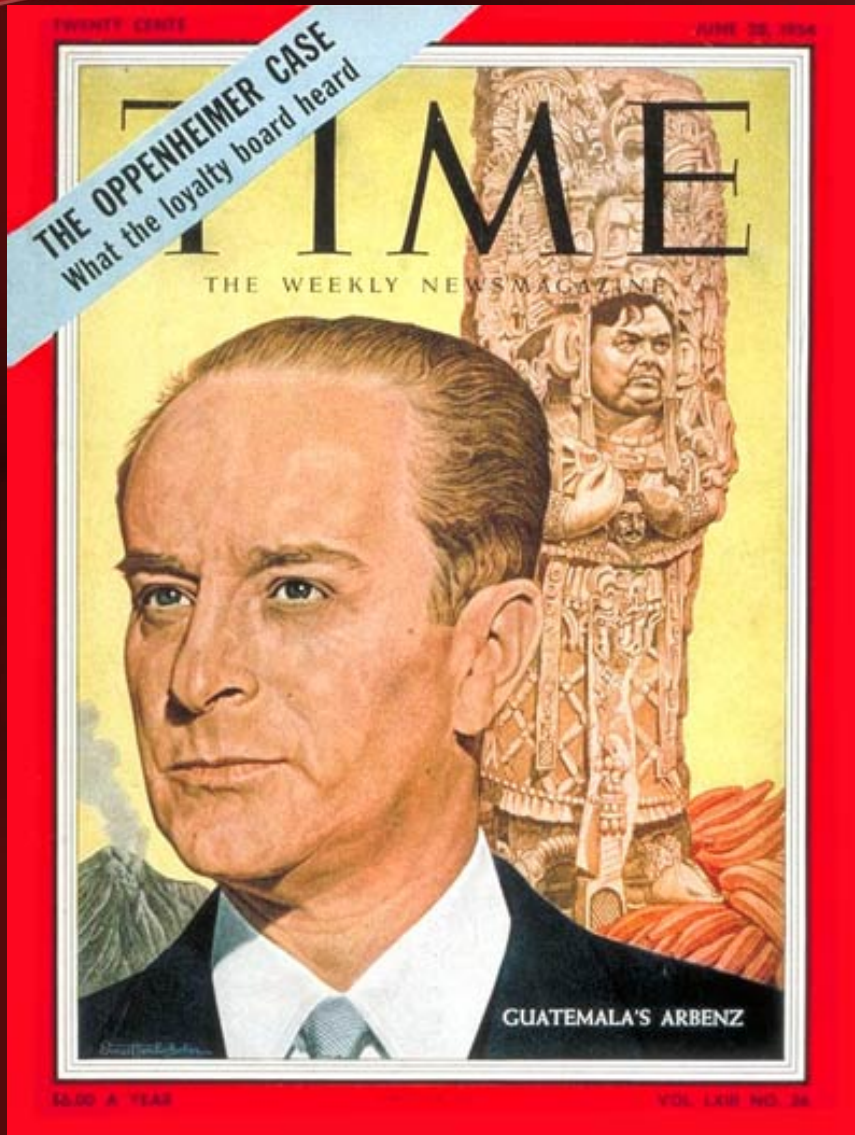


Ubico Dictatorship

- “Banana Republic” under the United Fruit Company
 - Land
 - Railroads
 - Electricity & telegraph
 - Atlantic ports
- Toppled by 1944 coup, followed by democratic elections



“Ten Years of Spring”



- Arevalo & Arbenz
- Freedom of speech
 - Legalization of Communist Party
- Labor unions
- Land reform
 - 245,000 acres of unused land expropriated from United Fruit Co.

Operation PBSUCCESS



46

31 March 1954

MEMORANDUM

TO: All Staff Officers

FROM: [Signature]

SUBJECT: Selection of individuals for disposal by Junta Group.

C/C has requested a list of names be compiled for study by Staff Officers to determine if they meet the latest criteria for inclusion on the Junta's disposal list.

Consideration for inclusion of the final list should positively establish that the individual falls into one or more of the following groups:

- 1) High government and organizational leaders whose outward position has not disclosed the fact they are motivated and directed by the Cominform and who are irrevocably implicated in Communist doctrine and policy.
- 2) Outstanding proven Communist leaders whose removal from the political scene is required for the immediate and future success of the new government.
- 3) Those few individuals in key government and military positions of tactical importance whose removal for psychological, organizational or other reasons is mandatory for the success of military action.

This document is routed to Staff Officers for deletions, additions, and/or comments. It is requested that a final list of disposables be approved promptly to permit P.M. planning to proceed on schedule.

The following list of individuals for consideration has been assembled from old lists supplied by the Junta and from recent intelligence available at [redacted]. Your careful consideration is requested in making additions or deletions.

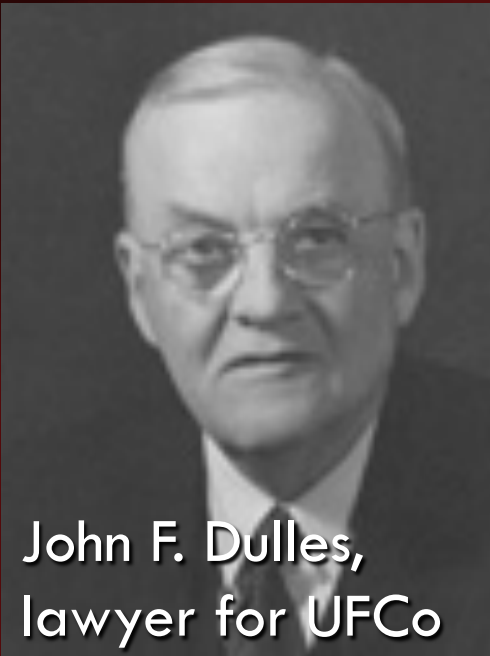
Each officer is to indicate his concurrence by placing his initials after each name on the attached list which he believes should remain on this list. Exceptions, additions or deletions are to be noted on the blank pages following the attachment.

Attachments:

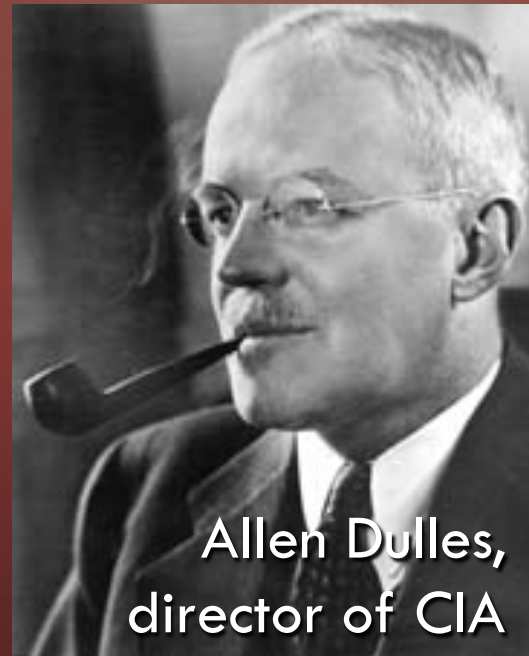
1. Disposal list
2. Blank pages
3. Biographic data

Elimination kept up with taking a staff of [redacted] names for checking with [redacted] April 2. - Original Memo with attached Biographic data has been forwarded to [redacted] on 1 June 1954.

FOR REPLY TO: [redacted] BY: [redacted]



John F. Dulles, lawyer for UFCo



Allen Dulles, director of CIA

Business Interests vs. Democracy

- Guatemalan exiles invade the country from Honduras
- Armas seizes power with CIA support
 - U.S. fears of a “communist beachhead”
 - Threat to U.S. business interests



“Hearts & Minds”

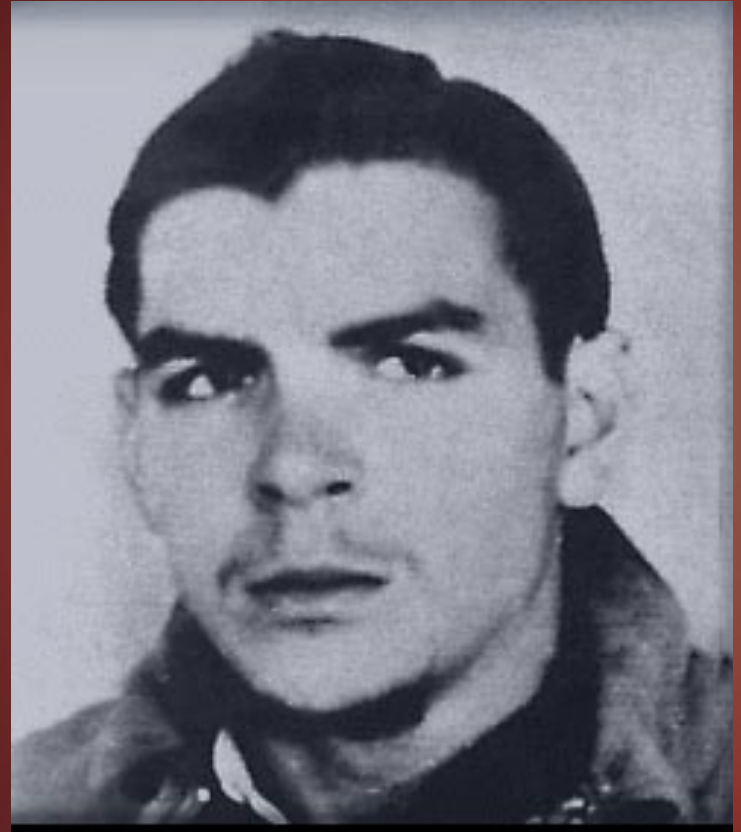
- [Click here](#) for an account of the U.S. radio propaganda campaign in Guatemala



A New Revolutionary

“I never held any position in that government. The US invasion took place, I tried to muster a group of young men like me to fight against the United Fruit adventurers. In Guatemala it was necessary to fight but hardly anybody fought.”

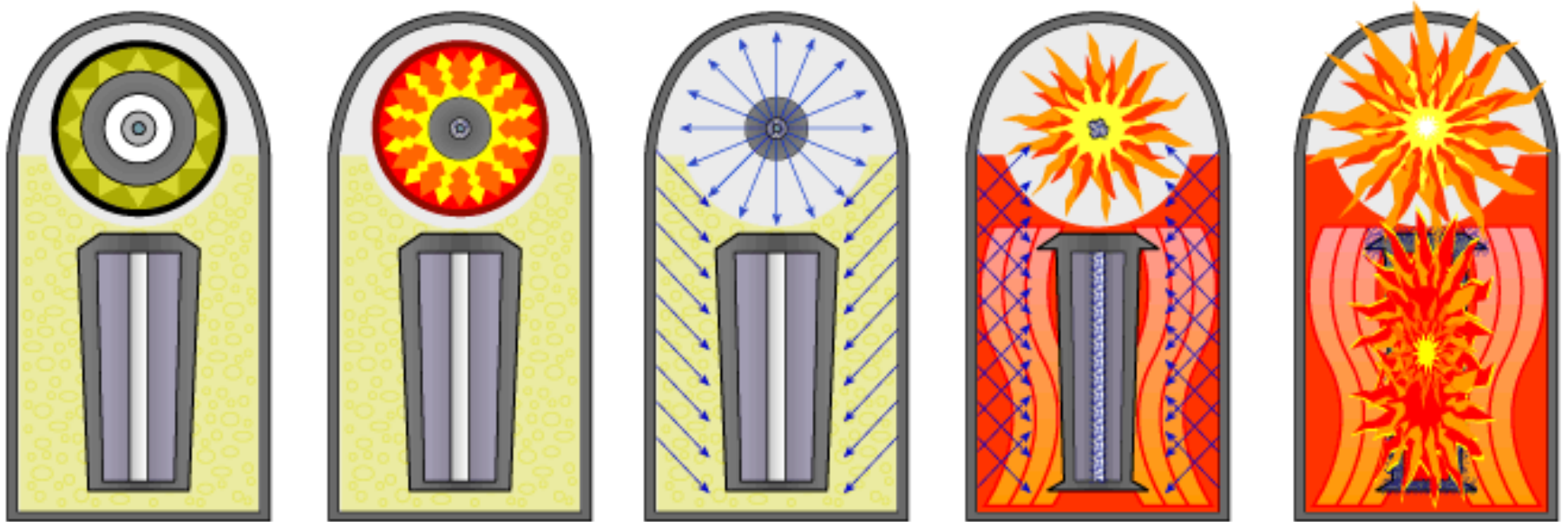
-Ernesto Guevara,
age 26





The Arms Race

Hydrogen Bomb

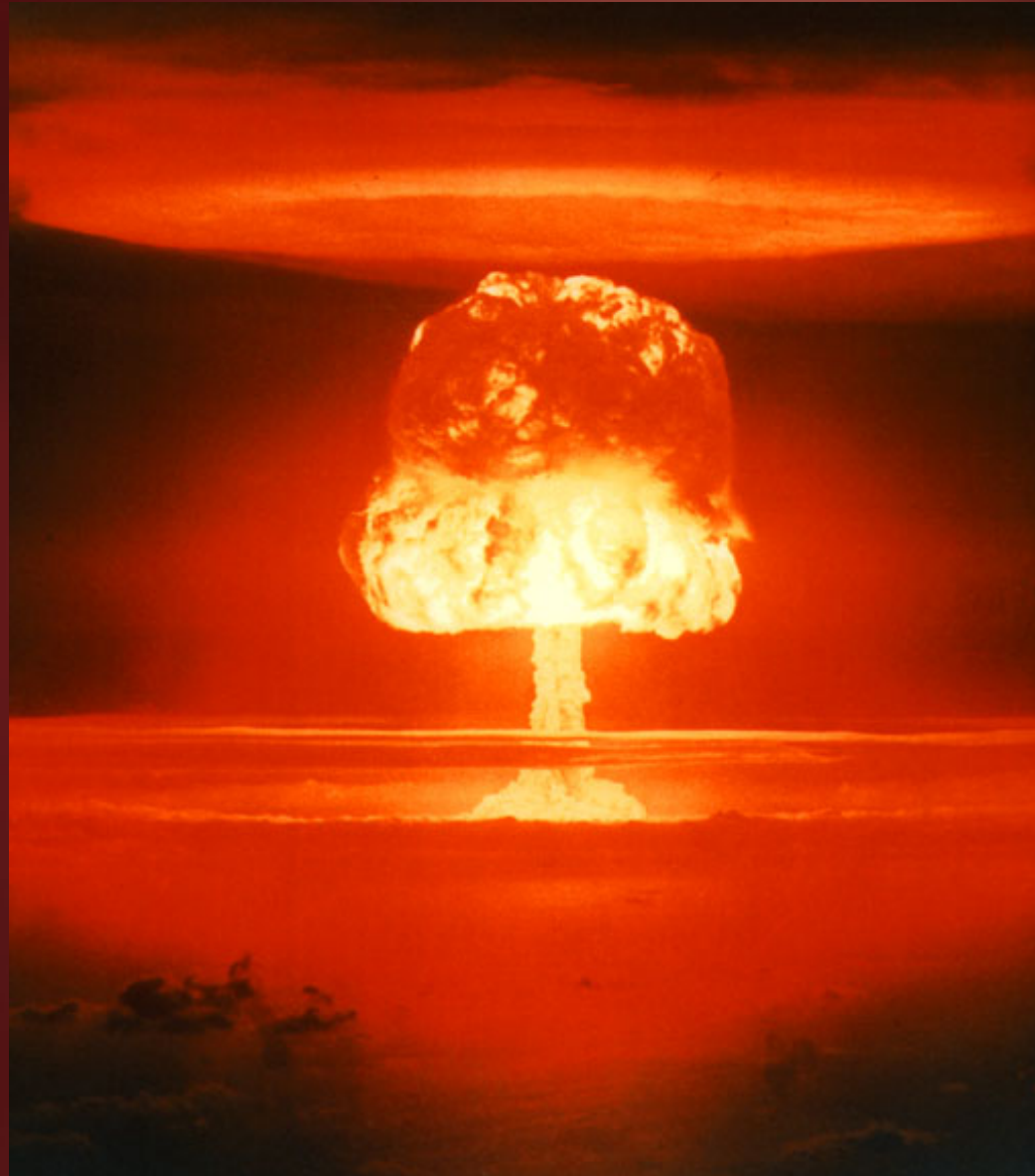


Primary explosion – fission reaction

Secondary explosion – ignited fuel

Hydrogen Bomb

- Soviet “Tsar Bomba” hydrogen bomb
 - 50 megatons
 - 2,500x explosive power of Little Boy (Hiroshima) bomb
- [Google “Nuke It” Map](#)



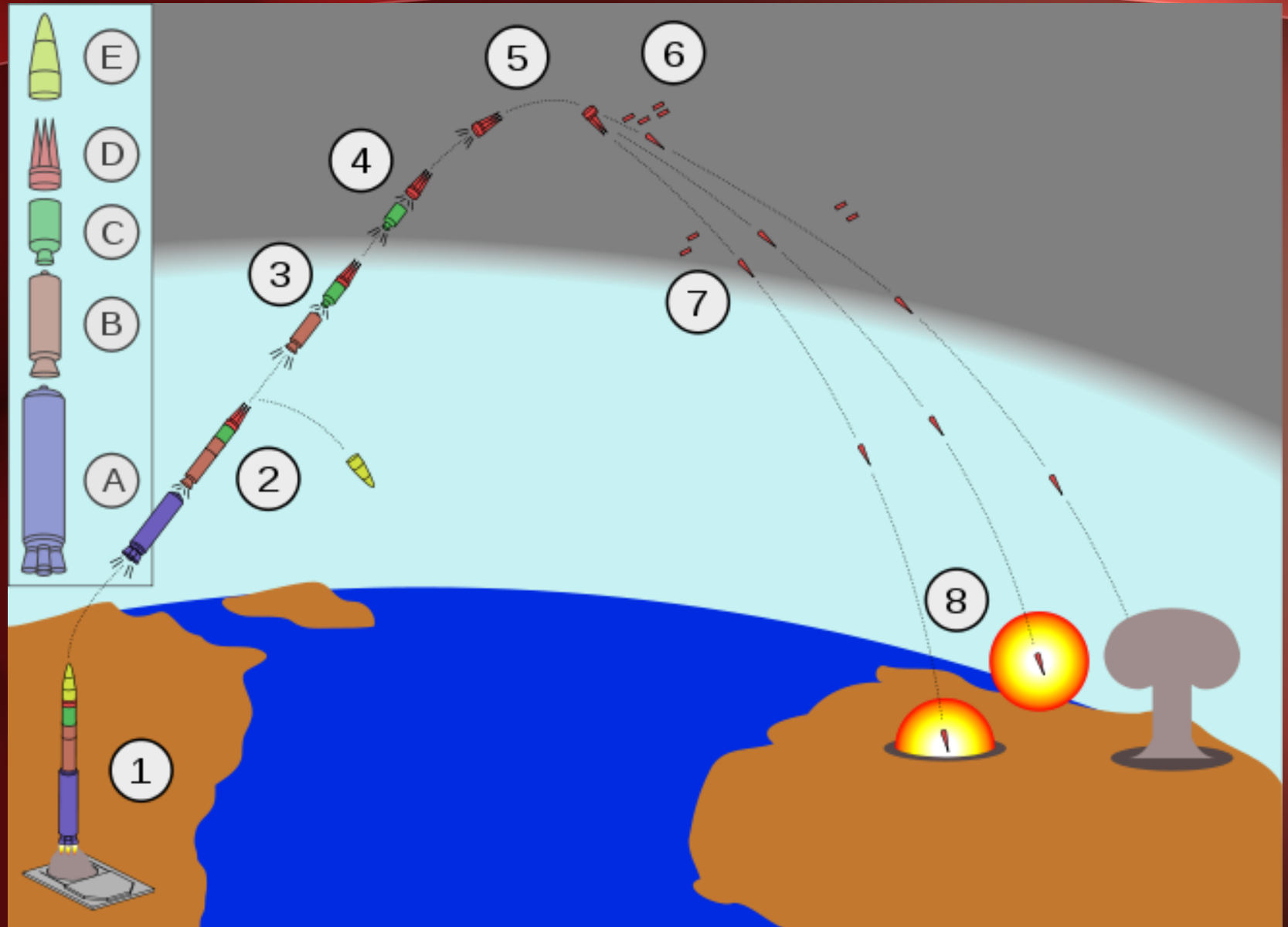
- Intercontinental Ballistic Missiles



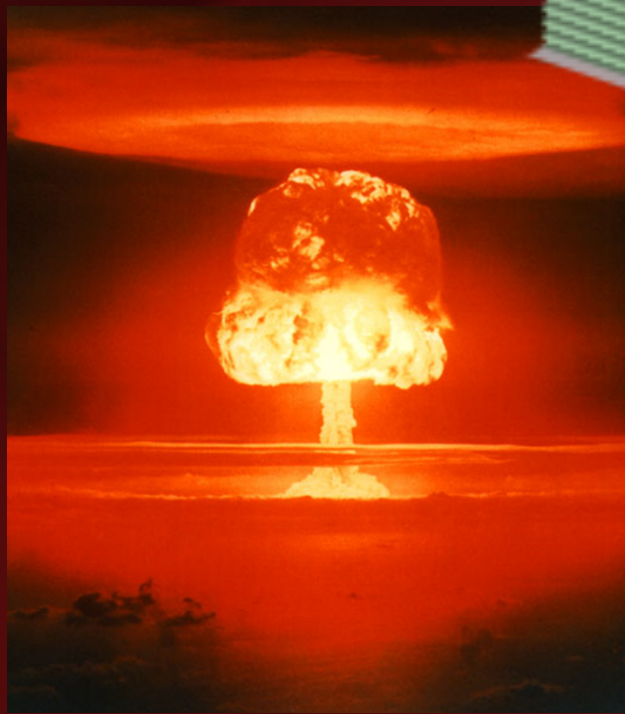
Nuclear-Armed Submarines



Multiple Independent Warheads

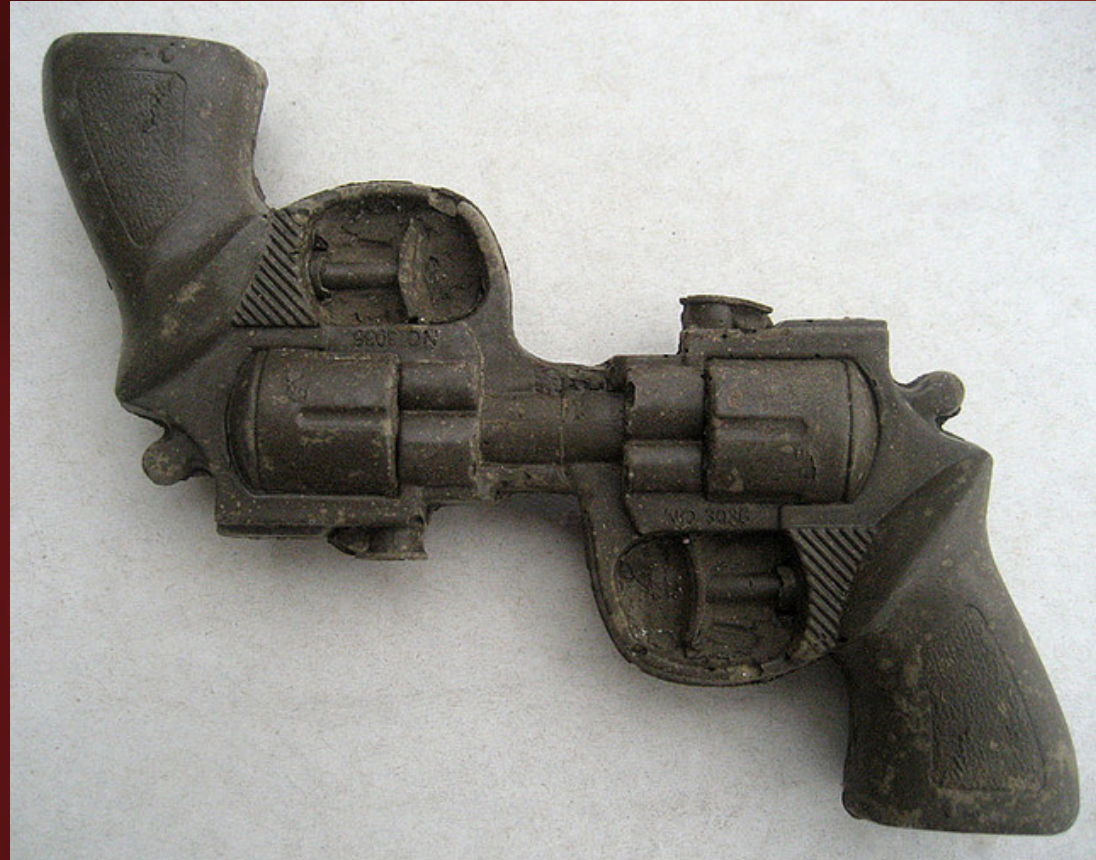


Spending: Nukes vs. Conventional Military



Cold War Strategy

- Deterrence – discourage enemy attacks
- Massive Retaliation
- MAD – Mutual Assured Destruction



Cold War Strategy

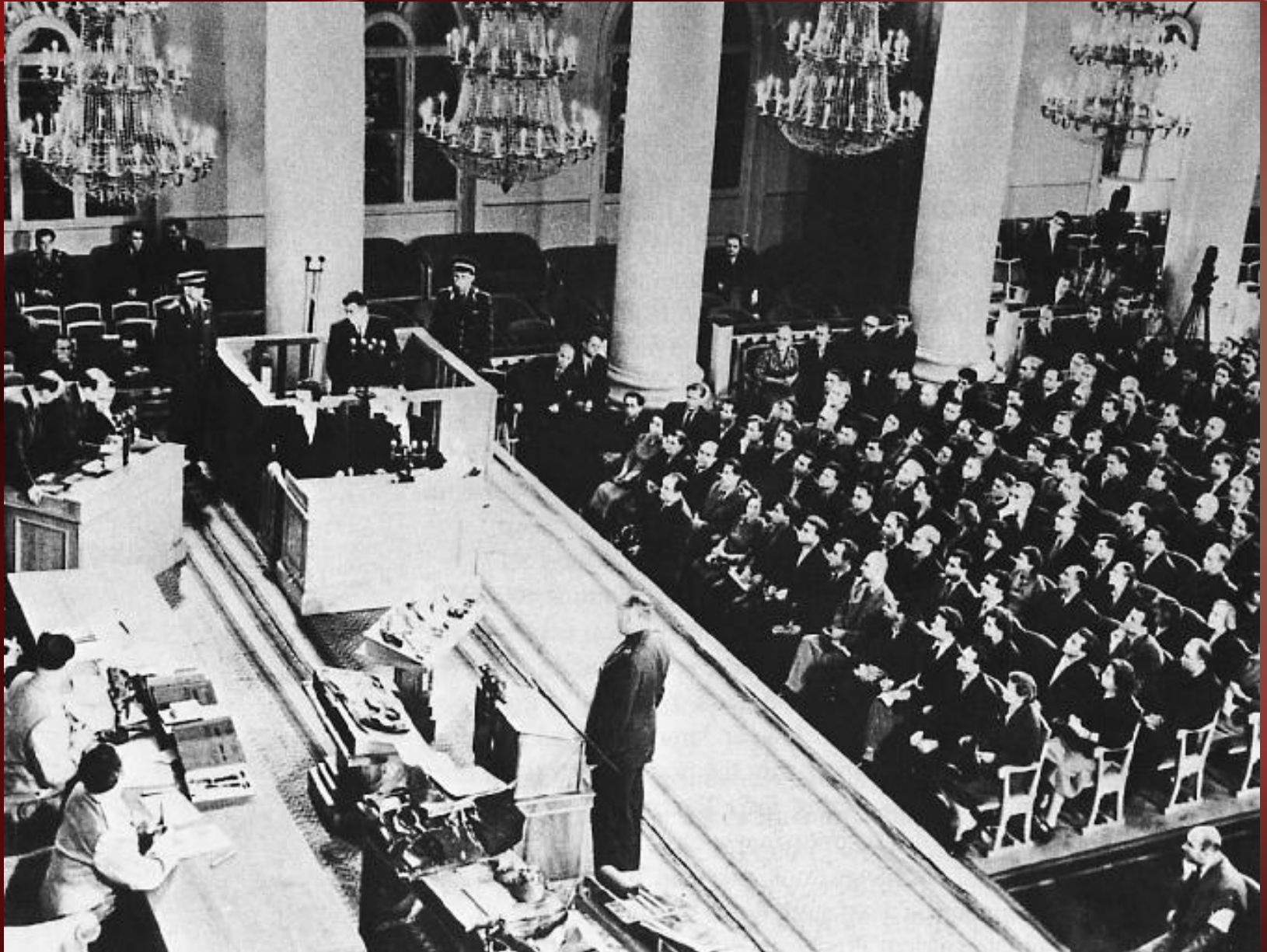
- Brinkmanship – push the enemy to the edge without launching



U-2 Spy Plane



U-2 Incident, 1960



Francis Gary Powers





Cuba

Spanish-American War

- Cuban
“independence”
- Platt
Amendment
 - US bases &
interventions
 - US businesses



Fulgencio Batista, 1950s



Cuban Revolution, 1958



Fidel Castro, 1958



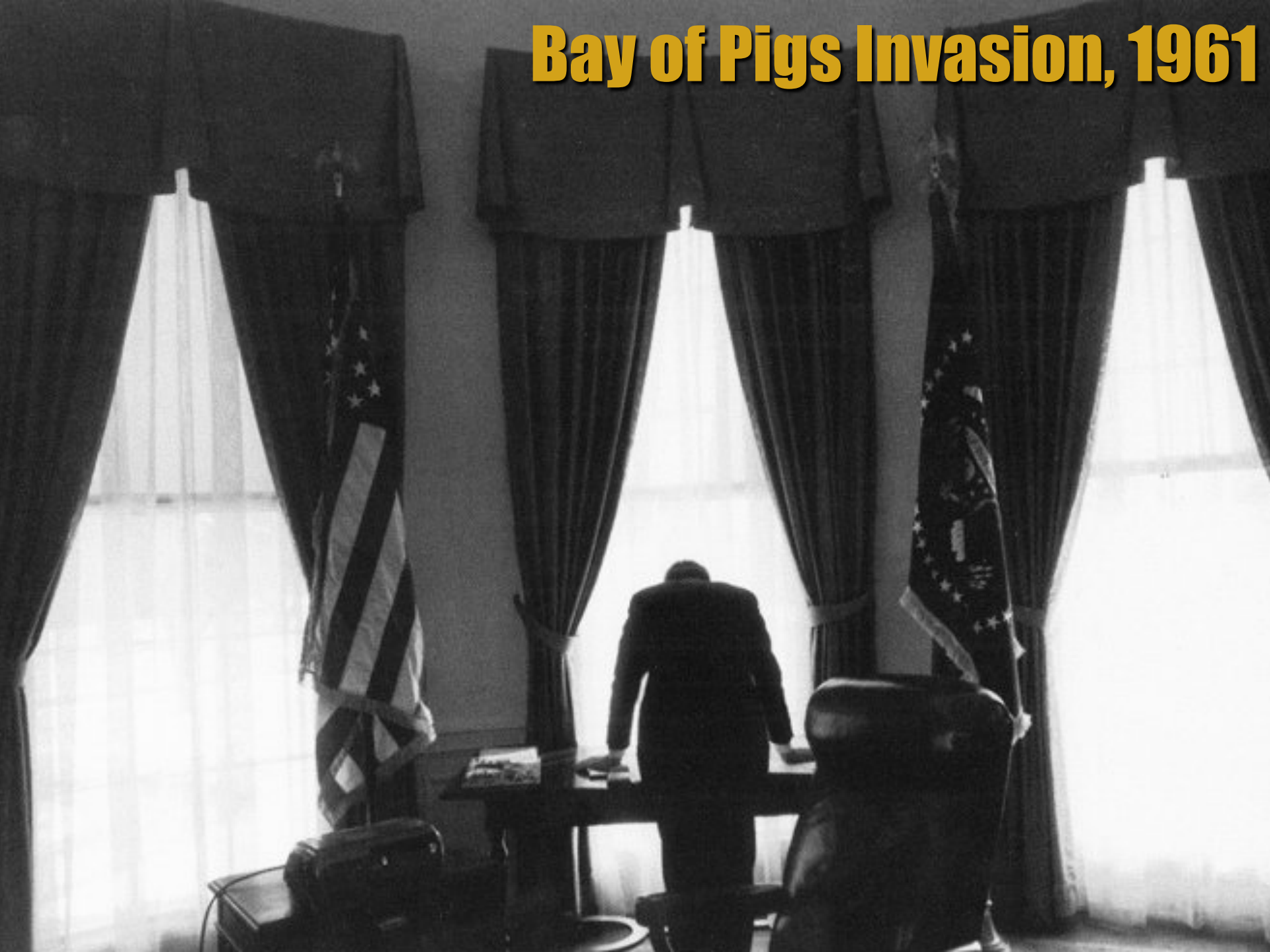
Fidel & Che, 1958



Bay of Pigs Invasion, 1961



Bay of Pigs Invasion, 1961



Into the Soviet Sphere, 1961



Nikita Krushchev

“We will
bury
you!”



Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962



MISSILE TRAILERS

AREA

VEHICLES

ERECTORS

MISSILE TRAILER

Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962



Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962



Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962

- October 1962
- Blockade of Cuba
- Negotiations
 - U.S.S.R. removal of missiles from Cuba
 - U.S. promise not invade Cuba
 - Secret U.S. promise to remove missiles from Turkey

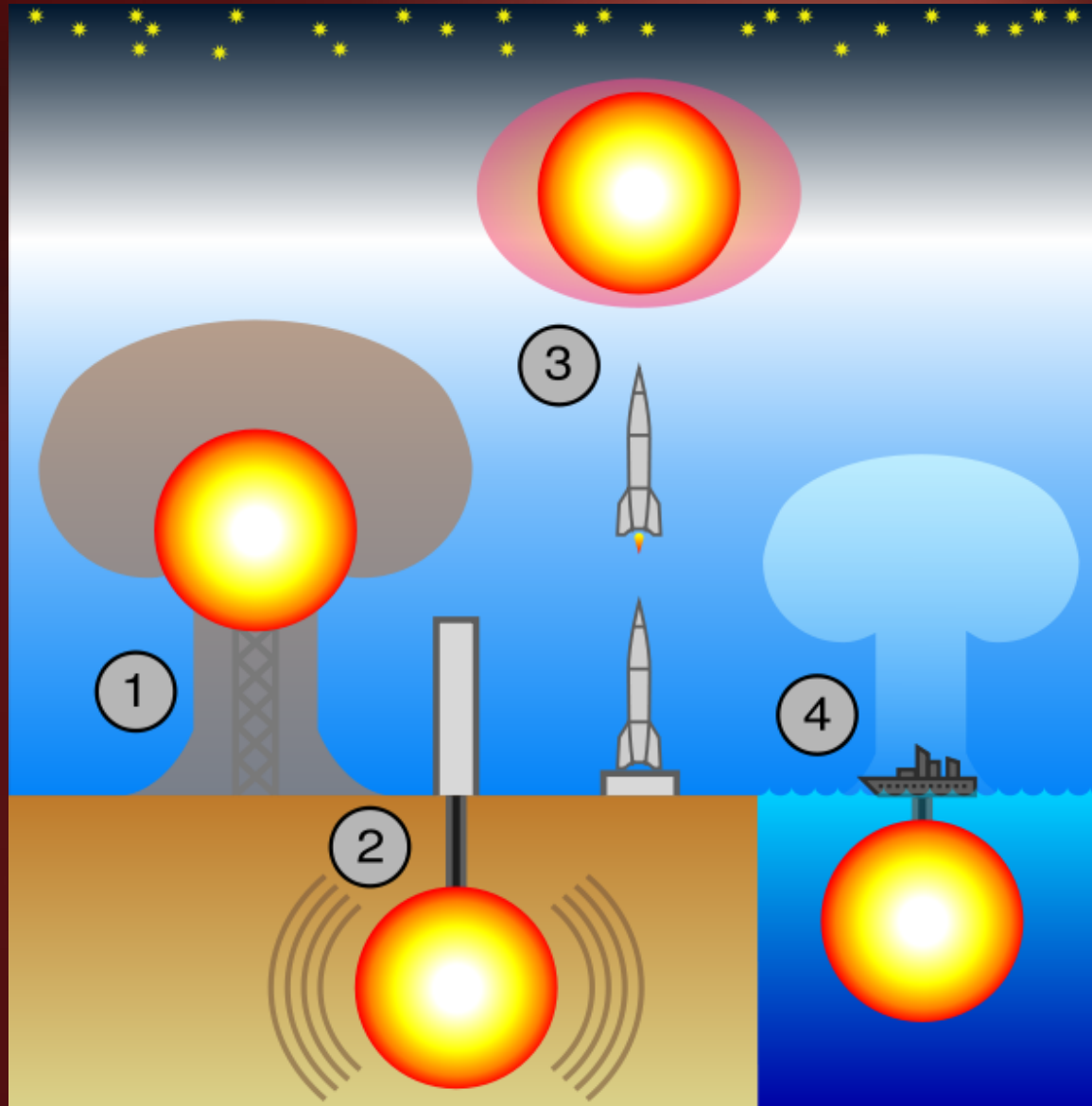




“Fallout” of the Missile Crisis

Effects of the Crisis

- Khrushchev toppled
- Fallout shelters
- Partial Test Ban Treaty, 1963
 - Banned ground, atmospheric & underwater nuclear tests
 - Allowed underground tests



Dr. Strangelove, 1964

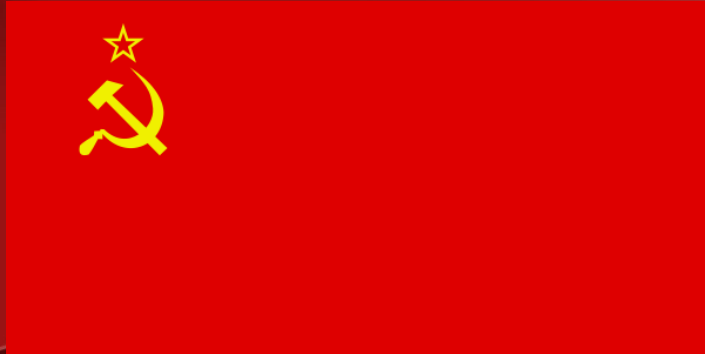


- M.A.D. – Mutual Assured Destruction
- “Doomsday Device”

Vietnam War

Vietnam War

- See separate Vietnam War Slideshow



1970s: Détente

End of the Vietnam War



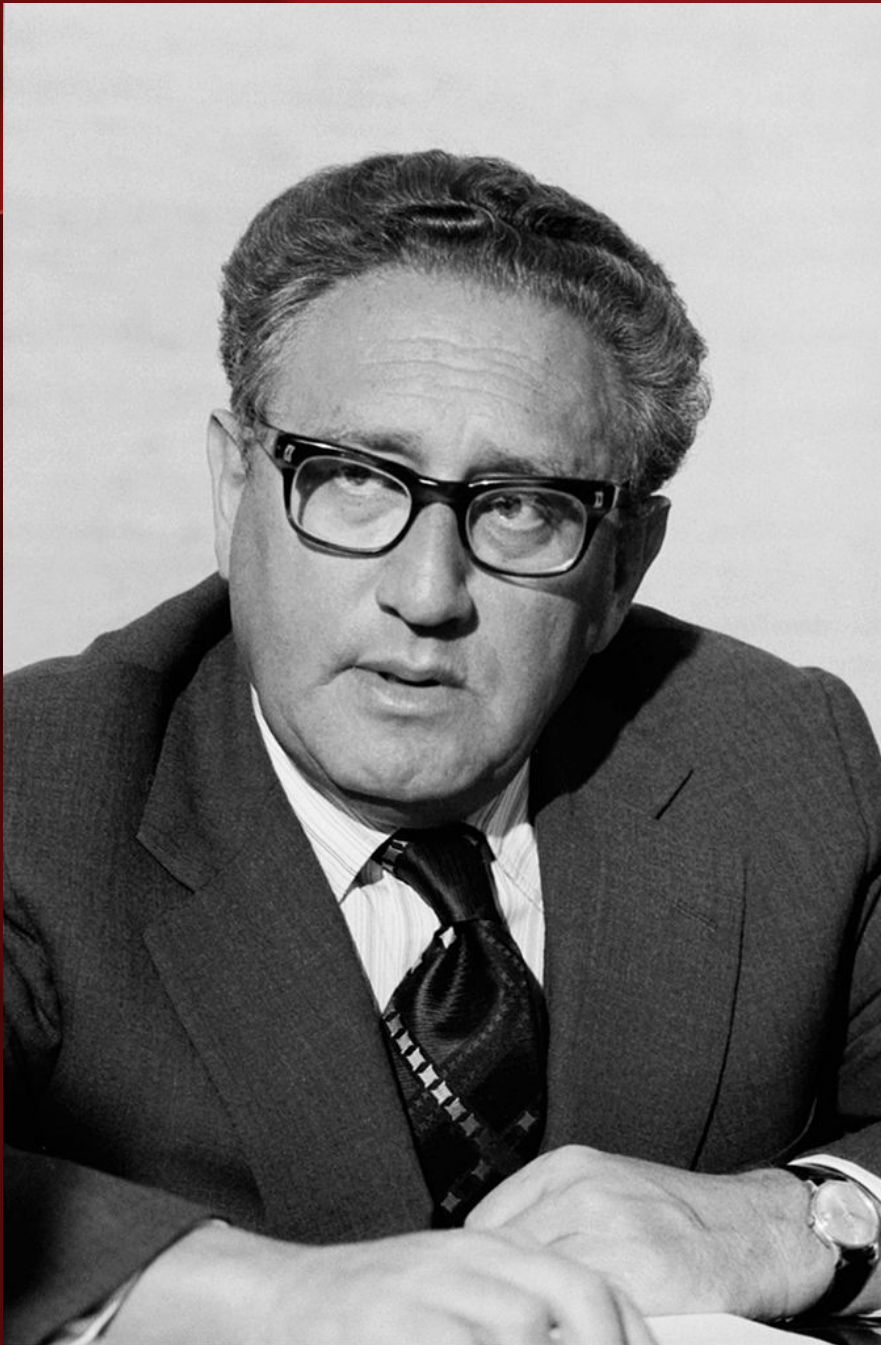
The Odd Couple



Source: Bill Mauldin, *Chicago Sun-Times*, 1973 (adapted)

- “Easing of tensions”
- Improved relations between U.S. & communist countries

Realpolitik



- Henry Kissinger, Secretary of State
- Pragmatism over ideology
- “Power politics”

The "Red Telephone"



Sino-Soviet Split

- Public alliance, private tensions



Nixon's Visit to China, 1972

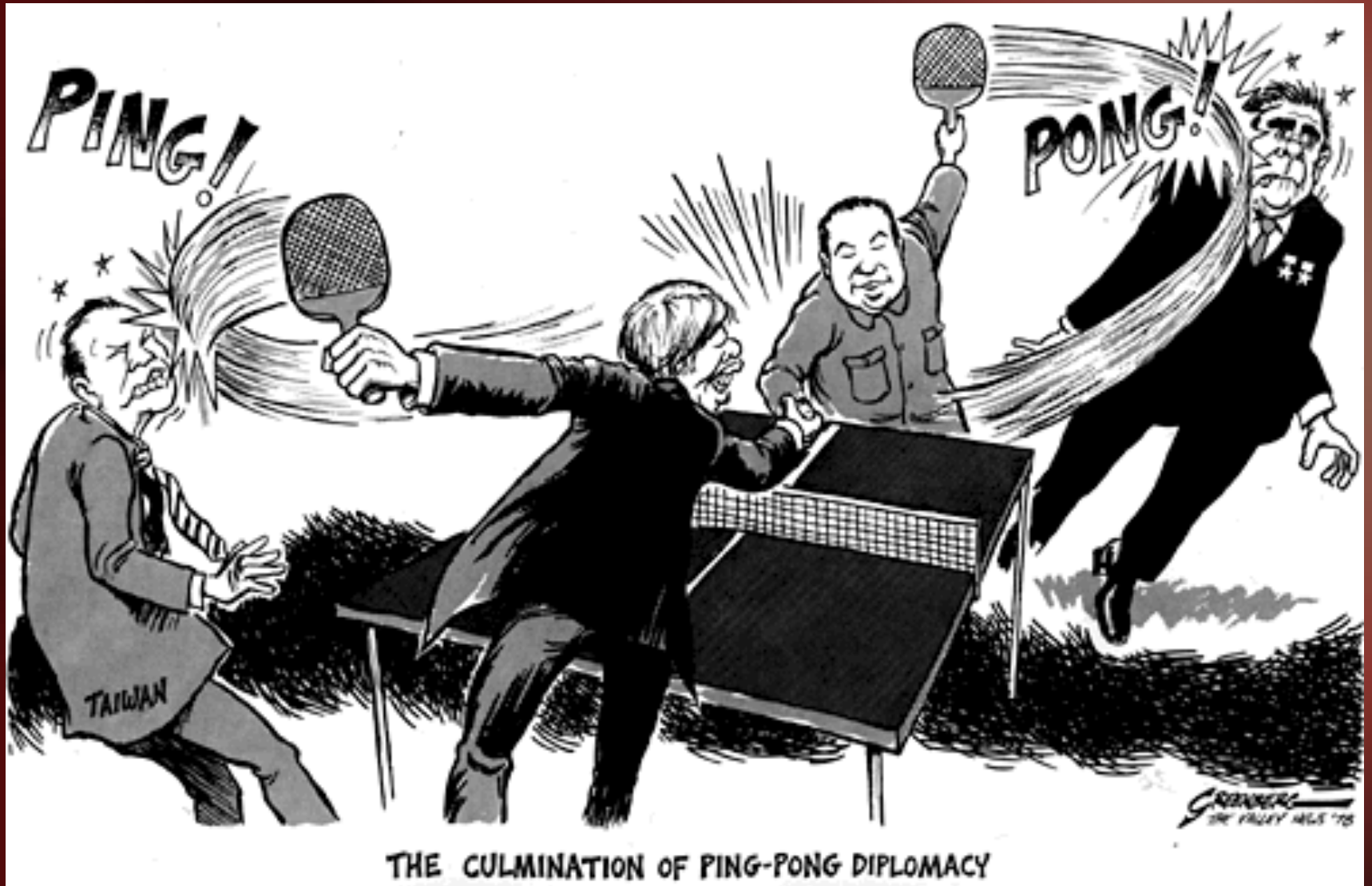
- “Playing the China Card”
- Exploiting the Sino-Soviet split
- “Only Nixon could go to China”



Ping-Pong Diplomacy



Ping-Pong Diplomacy



THE CULMINATION OF PING-PONG DIPLOMACY

From Khrushchev to Brezhnev



Nixon's Visit to Moscow, 1972

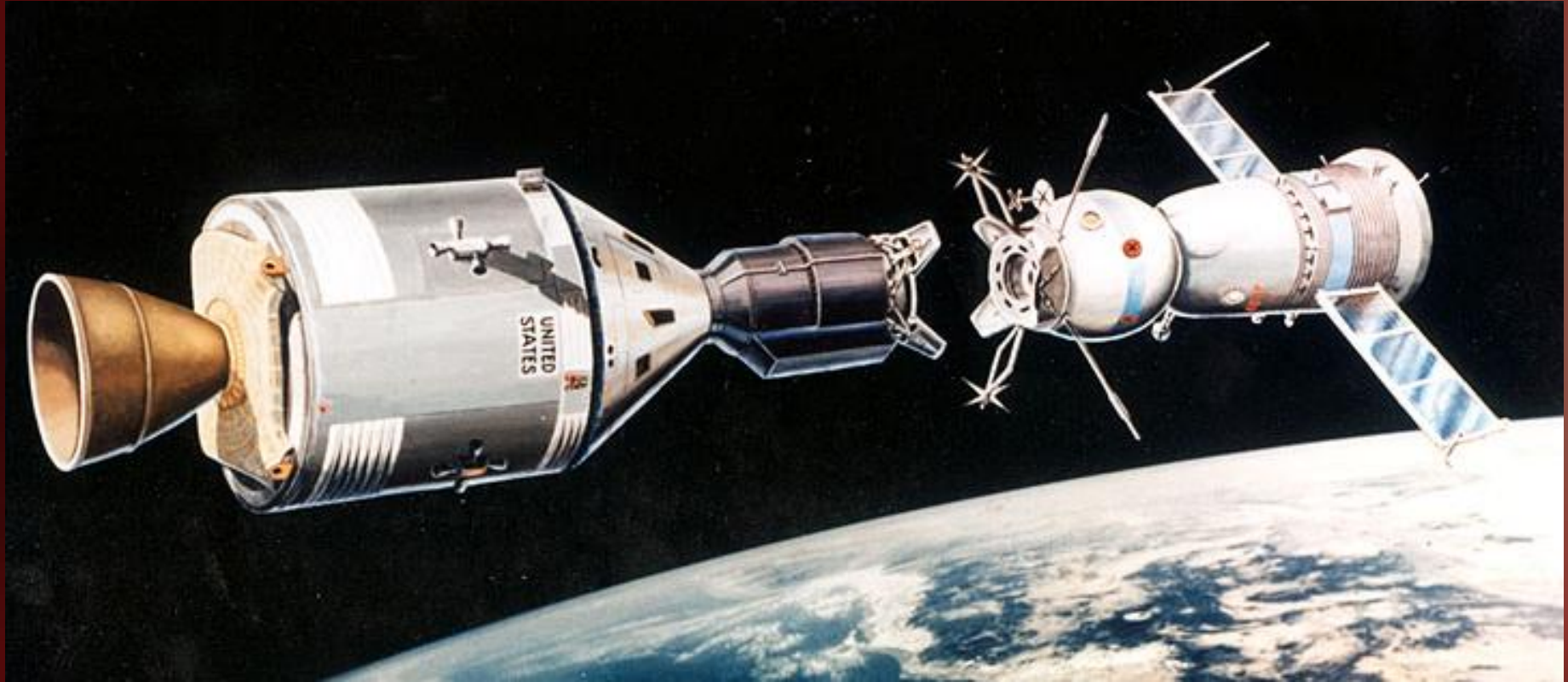
- Nixon & Brezhnev
- Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT I)
 - Anti-Ballistic Missile (ABM) Treaty



SALT Talks & ABM Treaty, 1972



Apollo-Soyuz Rendezvous, 1975



Helsinki Accords, 1975





**1979-1980:
Détente Ends**

1979 Sandinista Revolution in Nicaragua

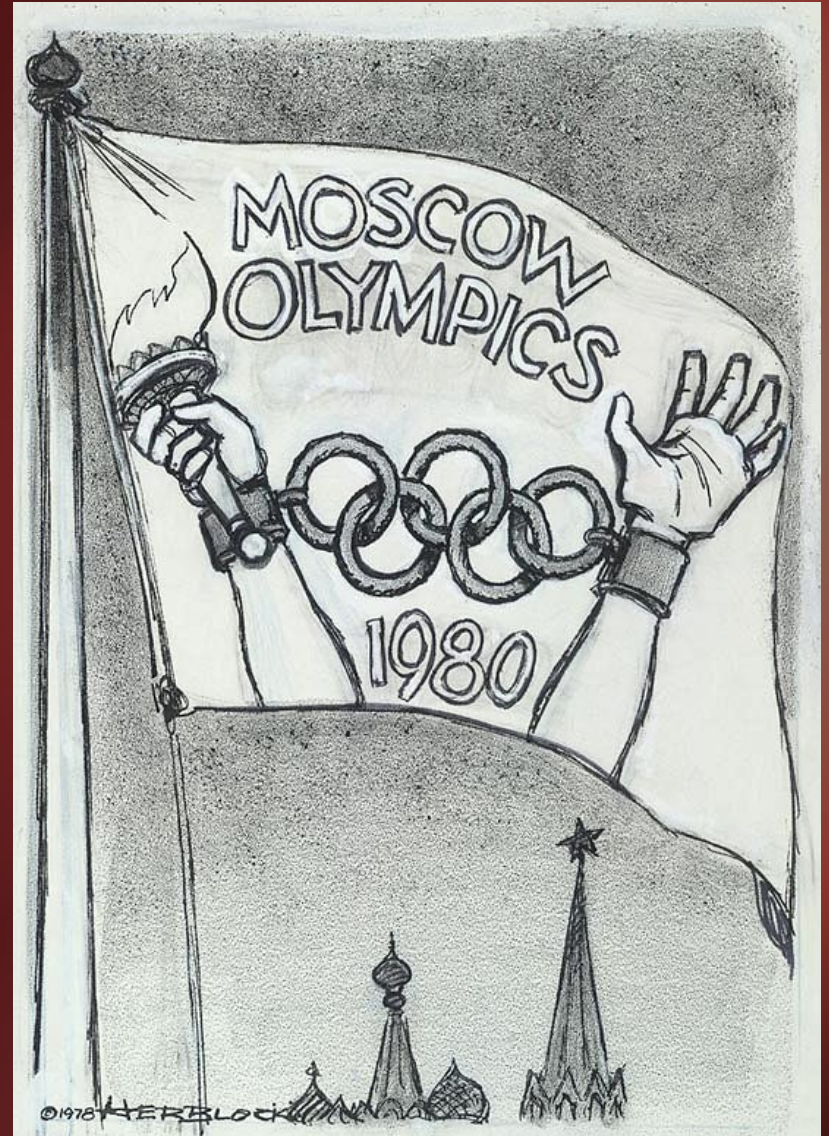
FSLN



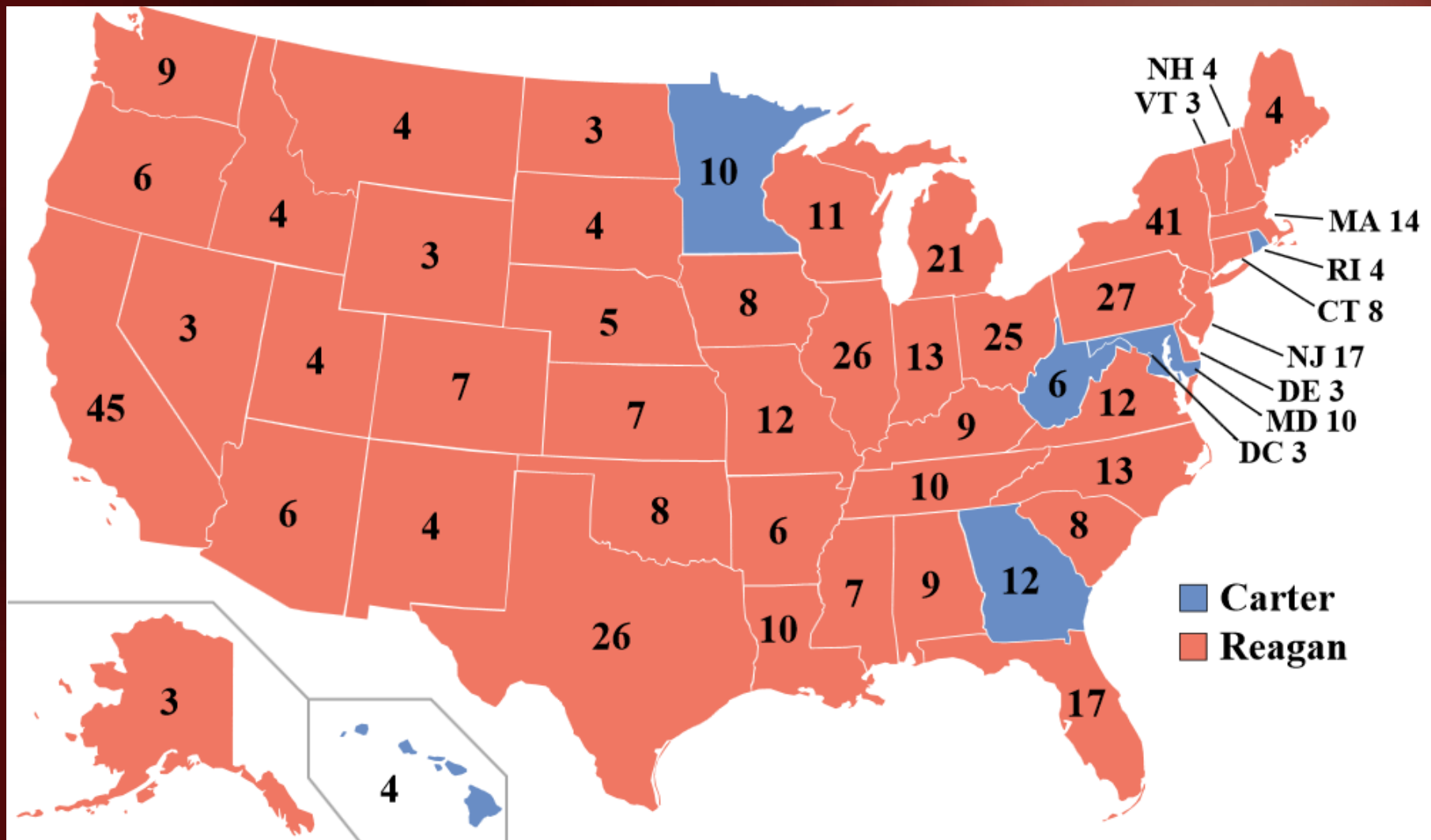
1979 Soviet Invasion of Afghanistan



U.S. Boycott of 1980 Olympics



1980 Presidential Election



Margaret Thatcher & Ronald Reagan



“Evil Empire” Speech



41st. Annual Convention
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
OF EVANGELICALS



Afghanistan: Reagan Arms the *Mujahedeen*



Nicaragua: Reagan Arms the Contras



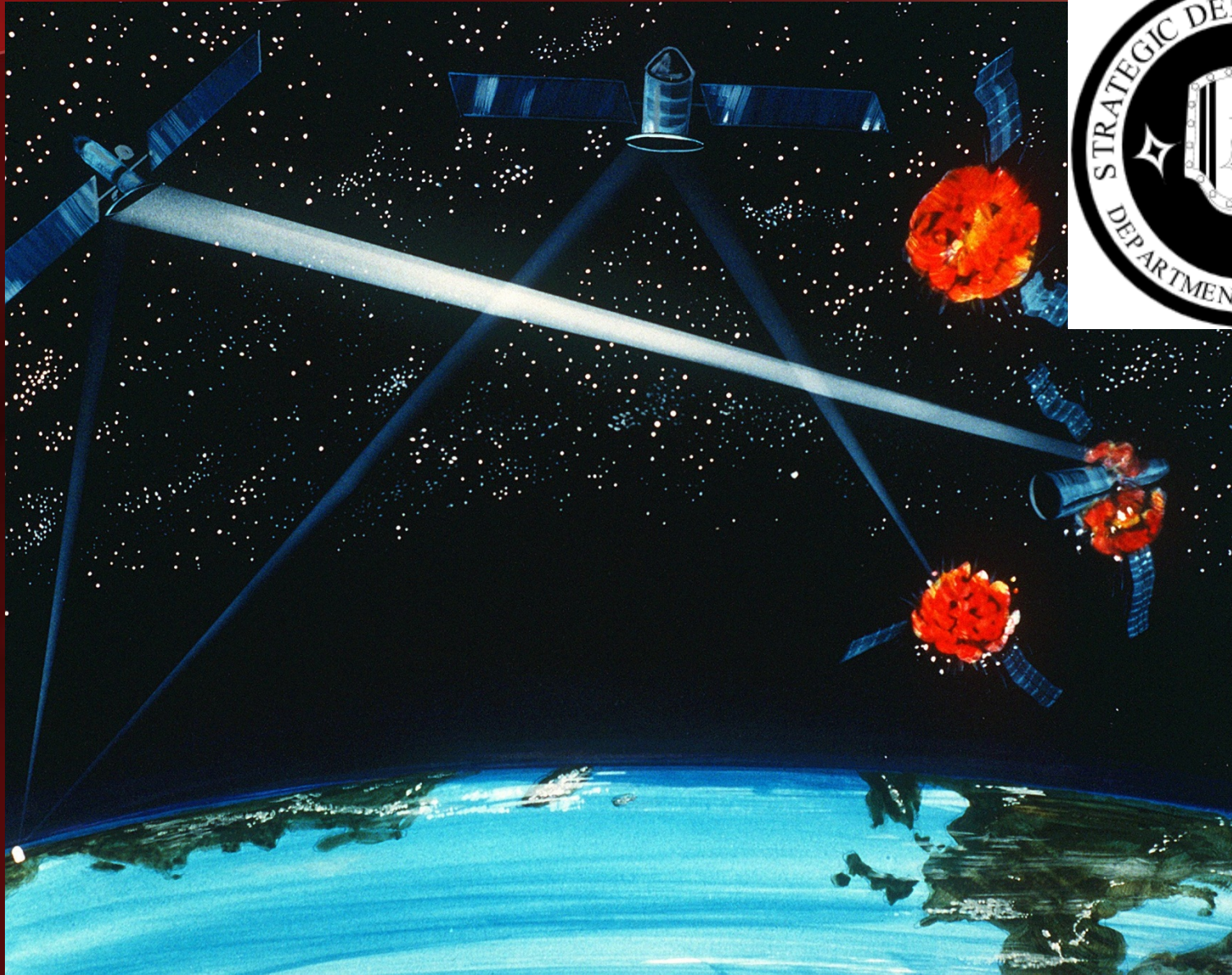
Iran-Contra Scandal



Grenada: U.S. Invasion

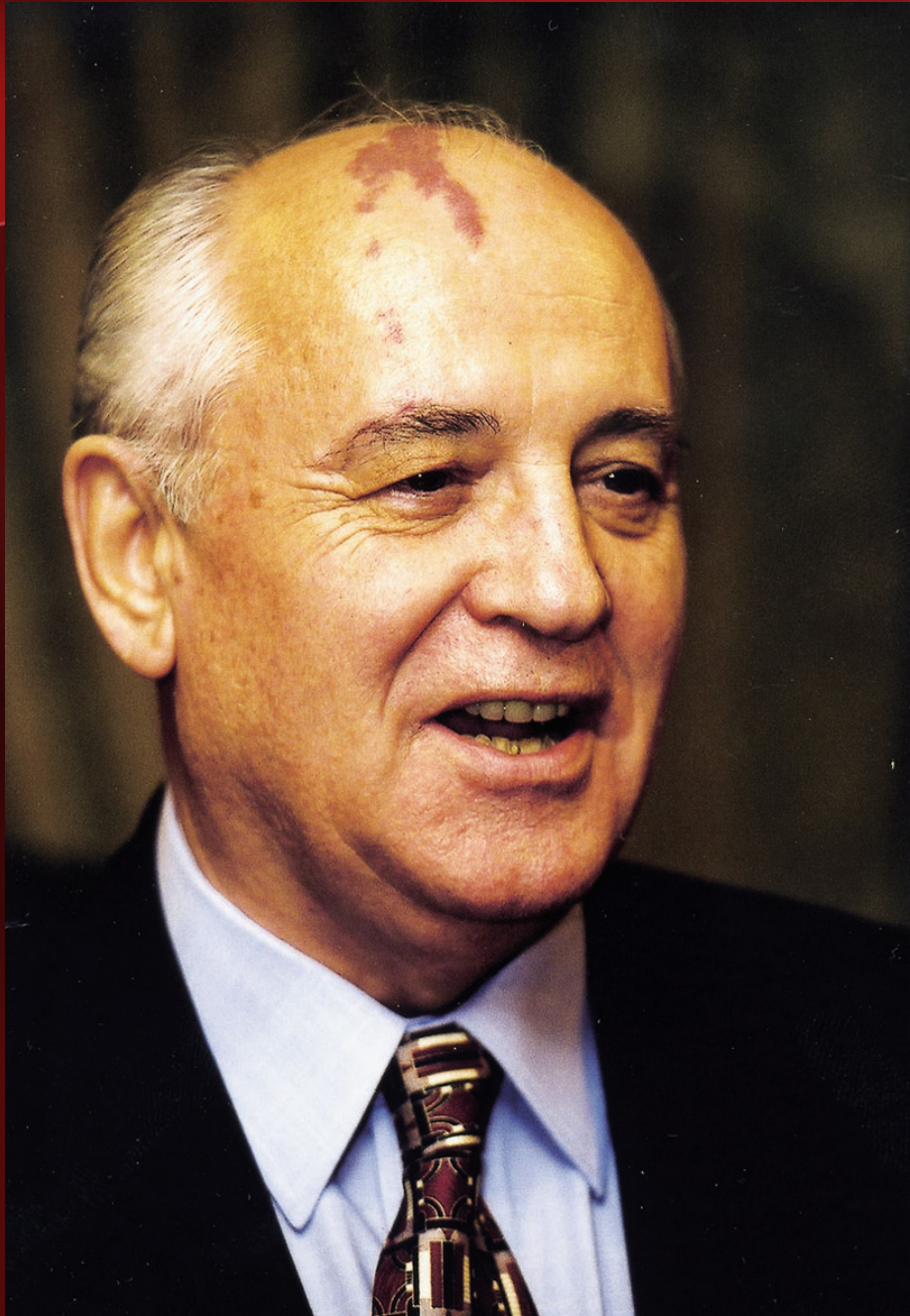


“Star Wars”: Strategic Defense Initiative



Communism Crumbles

Mikhail Gorbachev



- Soviet Reformer
- *Glasnost* – political openness
- *Perestroika* – economic restructuring

Poland: Solidarity Movement



“Mr. Gorbachev, Tear Down This Wall”



Fall of the Berlin Wall, 1989



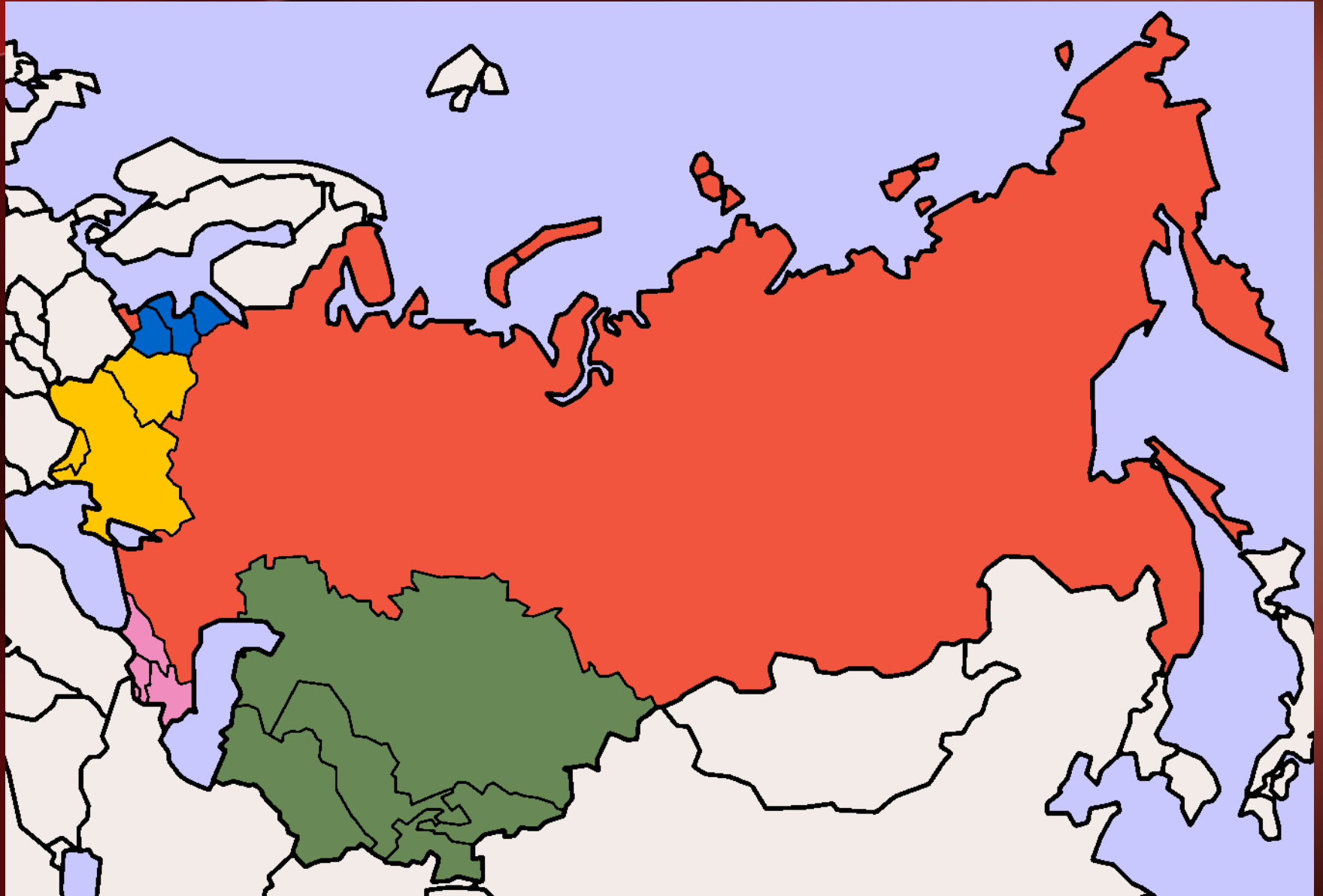
Reunification of Germany, 1990



Soviets Withdraw from Afghanistan, 1989

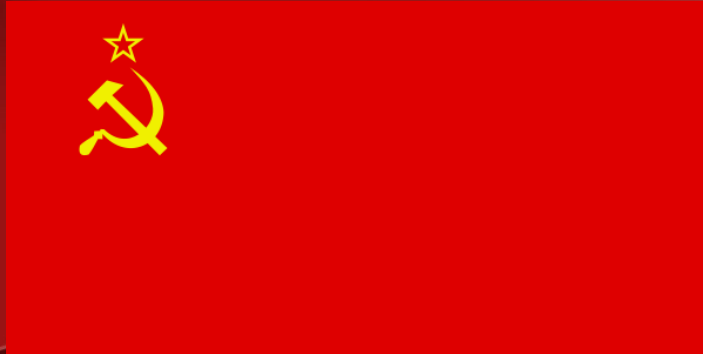


Collapse of the Soviet Union, 1991



Tiananmen Square Protests, 1989





Superpowers & Alliances

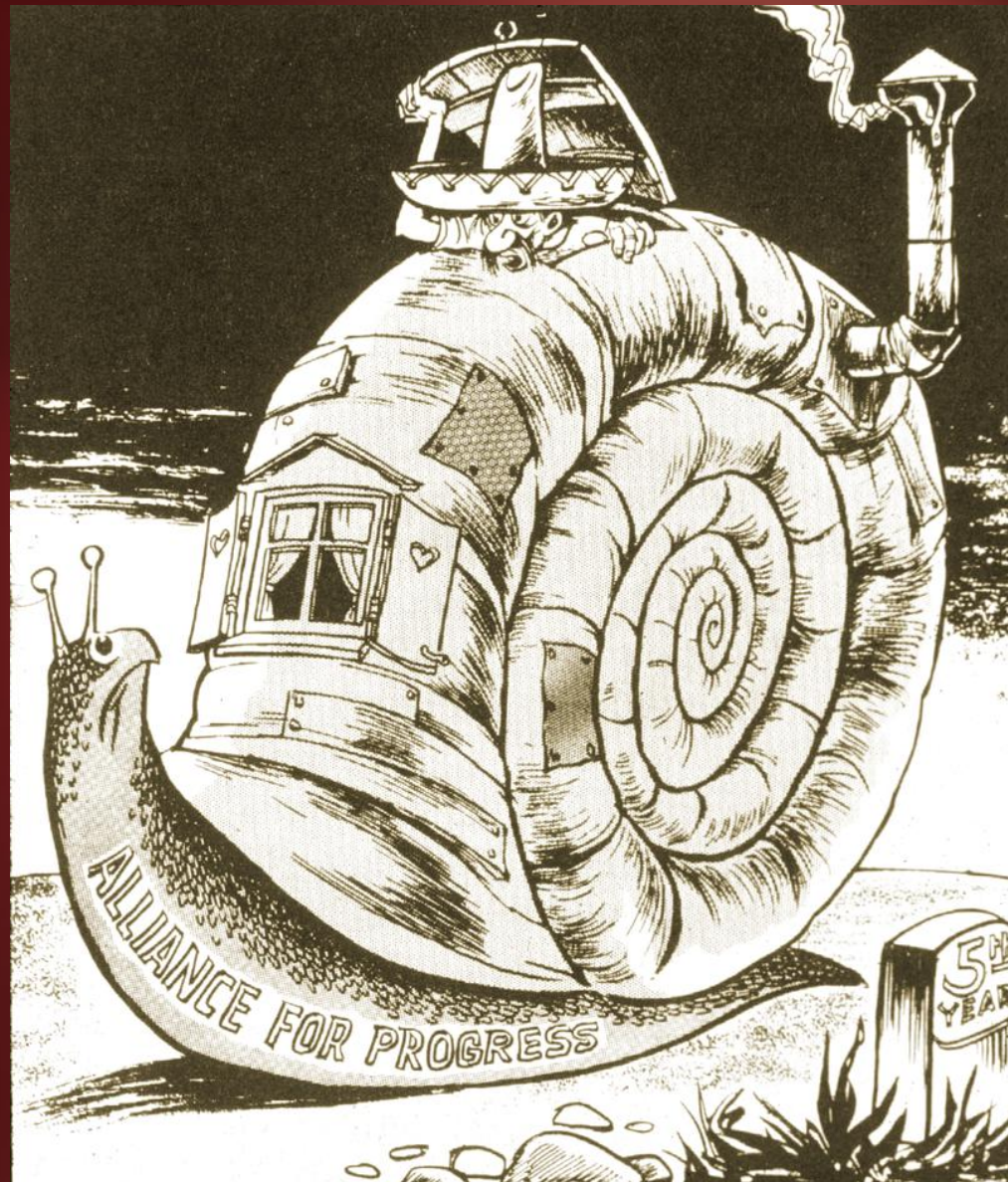


NATO & Warsaw Pact



Alliance for Progress

- JFK, 1961
- U.S. aid to Latin America
 - Counter to the example of communism in Cuba

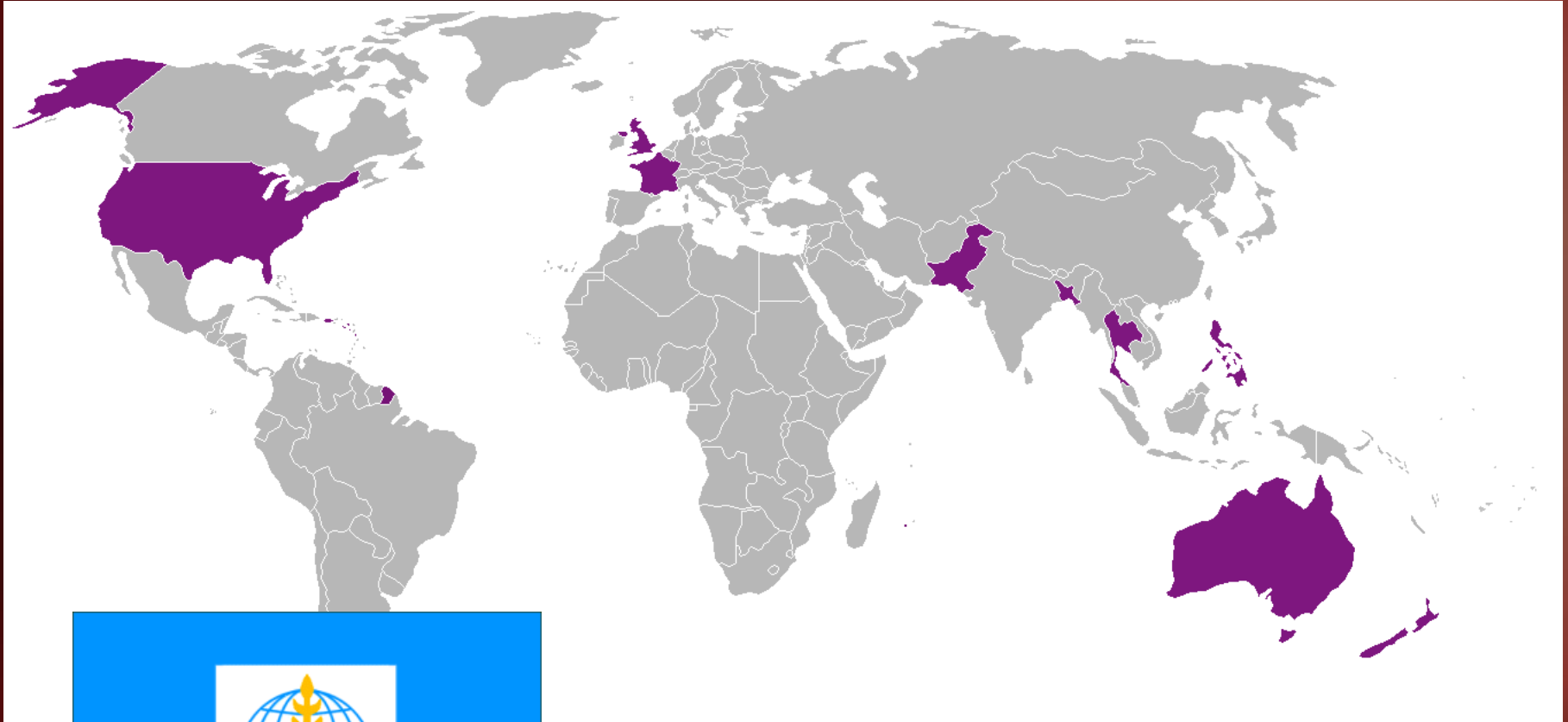


Organization of American States (OAS)



- Created in 1948
- “U.N.” of the Americas
- Opposed to communism
 - Cuba expelled, 1962

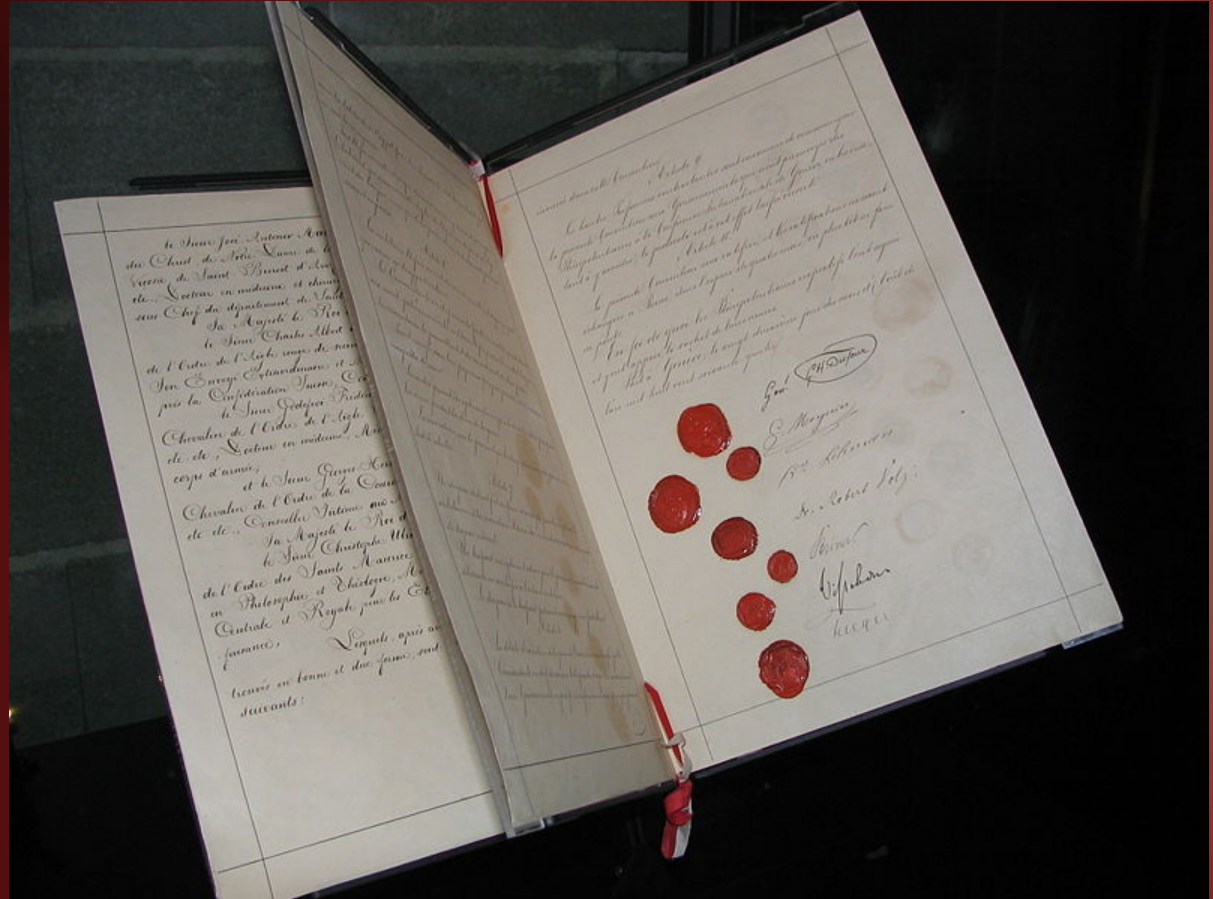
SEATO – Southeast Asian Treaty Org.



U.S. sponsored anti-communist
alliance for southeast Asia

Fourth Geneva Convention

- Guidelines for treatment of civilians in wartime
 - Holocaust
 - Japanese atrocities in China





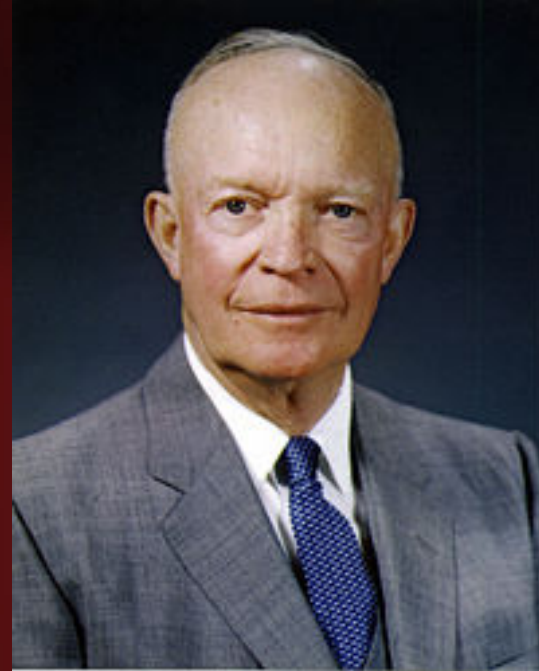
Cold War Leadership

American Presidents



Harry S. Truman

1945-1953



**Dwight D.
Eisenhower**

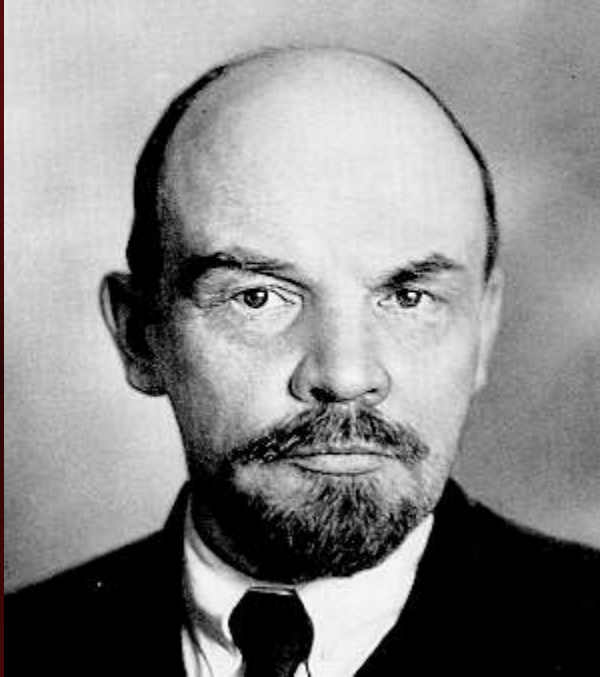
1953-1961



John F. Kennedy

1961-1963

Soviet Leaders



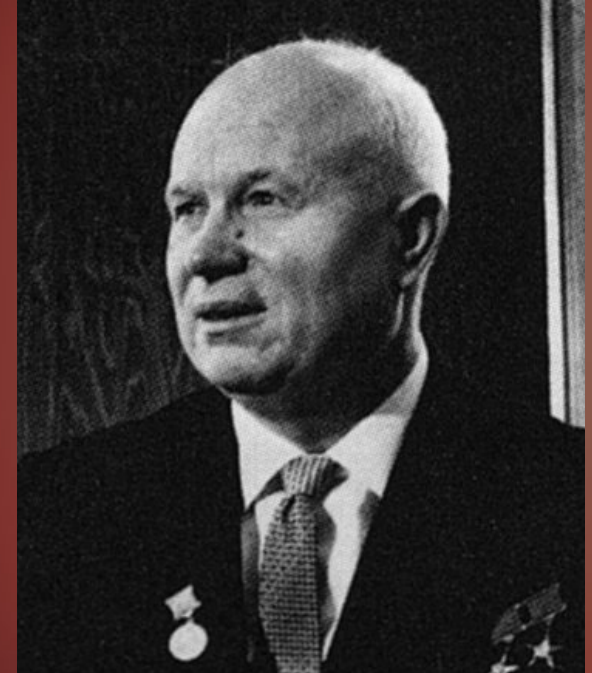
Vladimir Lenin

1918-1924



Josef Stalin

1928-1953



Nikita Khrushchev

1953-1964

Russian Leaders Trivia

[Click here](#) for a three minute radio story



Lenin



Stalin



Kruschev



Brezhnev



Andropov



Chernenko



Gorbachev



Yeltsin

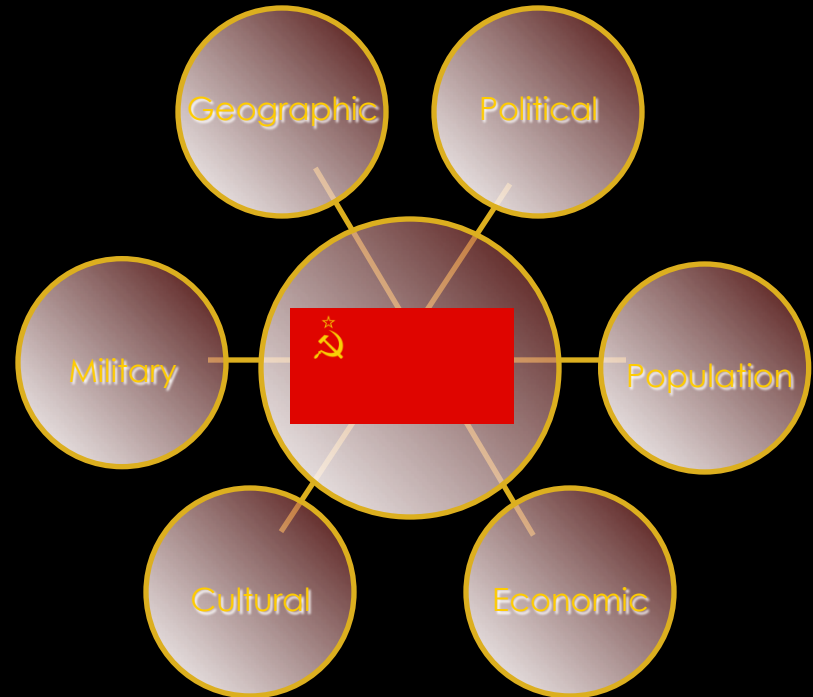
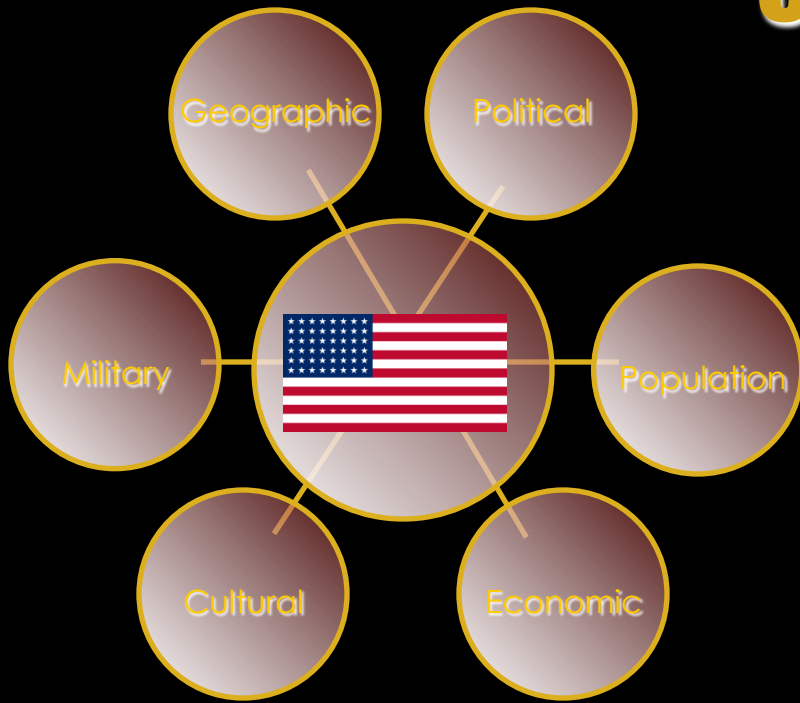


Putin



Medvedev

Cold War Superpowers



Dr. Strangelove, 1964



Dr. Strangelove, 1964



Dr. Strangelove, 1964



Dr. Strangelove, 1964



Dr. Strangelove, 1964

